

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 14, Number 210.

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1915.

Price Two Cents

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President Indignant at Misuse of American Flag.

ASKS FOR OFFICIAL REPORT

United States Ambassador at London Is Instructed to Cable Full Report of the Lusitania Incident—President Will Protest at Once to the British Government.

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It is understood the president is greatly chagrined at the action of Captain Dow of the Lusitania in running the Stars and Stripes up on his vessel to protect her from German submarines.

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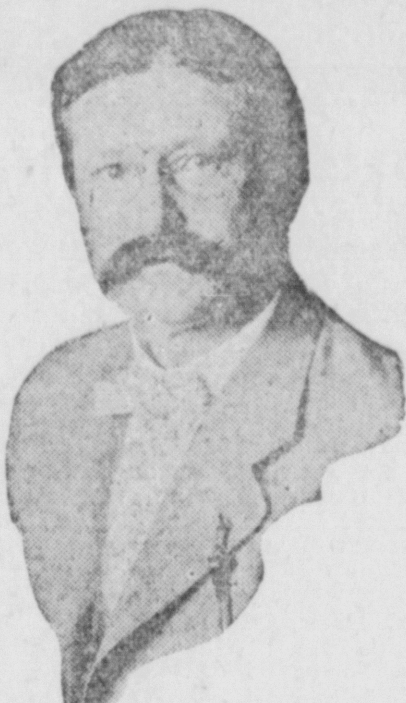
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It is believed that when this ship joins the fleet Russia will attack the Bosphorus and the Black sea, while the allied fleets attempt to force the Dardanelles.

With the German and Russian emperors as eyewitnesses the armies of Russia and Germany still are contending for the positions which protect the Polish capital at Warsaw from the invaders.

Two Rulers at the Front.

The Russian emperor has been at Russian headquarters for several days and the German report announces the German emperor has joined his generals and has visited some of the troops in their trenches.

Nothing has been disclosed as to the progress of the battle, which, when the last reports were received, was raging with unabated fury.

In East Prussia another big battle is developing, the Germans having sent reinforcements, apparently from their Bzura front, to that region.

"In the Carpathians, while their right is advancing, the Russians are only able to report that their left has checked the Austro-German offensive.

With regard to all this fighting the German official report simply says:

"No essential events have taken place."

The fighting in the West merely is a repetition of that of the preceding days.

No further fighting in Egypt is reported. The Turkish account of that which already has occurred there refers to it as an encounter of vanguards and adds that the battles are still in progress. This probably is a delayed announcement.

FATE OF BILL UNCERTAIN

Ship Purchase Measure Attracts Attention in Senate.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Whether the fight of administration leaders to pass the government ship purchase bill will be carried through to a point where consideration of the measure as unfinished business of the senate will prevent action on appropriation bills, thus forcing a special session of congress, was the question paramount in the minds of administration leaders.

With only twenty-one working days remaining in the life of the Sixty-third congress the fate of the ship purchase measure remains uncertain. Whether it will be held before the senate until the passage, or until the fall of the gavel ends the session on March 4, must be determined by the president and administration leaders and it is thought some understanding on this point will be reached within a few days.

RICH CATTLEMAN ARRESTED

Walter K. Bowker Charged With Conspiracy.

Los Angeles, Feb. 8.—Walter K. Bowker, wealthy cattleman with large holdings in Mexico, surrendered to federal authorities. A warrant charges him with conspiracy to violate the neutrality of the United States. It is charged he was connected with alleged recruiting on American soil of Mexicans for service in Lower California.

Balthazar Avilez, former governor of Lower California, and two other men said to have headed the recruiting movement are under arrest at San Diego.

GERMANS ATTEMPT CAPTURE POSITIONS

Special to Dispatch:

Petrograd, Feb. 8.—Under the eye of Kaiser William, the German regiment are vigorously attacking the new Russian positions near Kaminion near the left bank of Bzura. The Germans are attempting to capture the heights occupied by the Russian troops after they forced the crossing of Bzura near its confluence with the Vistula.

RUSSIAN LINES HOLD AT WARSAW

Special to The Dispatch:—

London, Feb. 8.—The German attack in Central Poland thus far has failed to make a gap in the Russian lines which would open the way to Warsaw and apparently the only result of the battle has been heavy losses on both sides.

Petrograd has announced the capture of several German positions but the general alignment of the opposing armies has not changed materially.

DEATH TOLL IS TWENTY-ONE

Mine Explosion Results From an Open Lamp.

Fayetteville, W. Va., Feb. 8.—The death of Remus Chandler, a negro, increased the number of victims of the explosion in the Carlisle mine of the New River Coal company, to twenty-one. One hundred and eighty men were entombed and of the 160 who escaped Chandler was the only one hurt seriously.

W. L. Thomas, chief clerk of the state department of mines, who inspected the Carlisle working, said that the explosion resulted from the ignition of gas from an open lamp.

GERMAN BANKS PAY LESS

Dresden Institution Cuts and Another One Passes Its Dividend.

Berlin, Feb. 8.—The Berliner Tageblatt says it learns that the Dresdener bank will pay 6 per cent dividend this year instead of 8½ per cent as previously. It is also stated that the National Bank of Deutschland has announced that it will pass its dividend. This bank paid 6 per cent last year.

The official federal council has rescinded the regulation whereby imported grain and flour could be sold only to municipalities or to the grain monopoly.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Duluth Wheat and Flax.
Duluth, Feb. 8.—Wheat—On track and to arrive, No. 1 hard, \$1.55½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.55½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.53½. Flax—On track and to arrive, \$1.90.

South St. Paul Live Stock.
South St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Cattle—Steers, \$4.50@8.25; cows and heifers, \$4.50@6.75; stockers and feeders, \$4.25@6.75. Hogs—\$6.50@6.75. Sheep—Lamb, \$4.50@8.50; wethers, \$5.25@6.50; ewes, \$2.50@5.75.

St. Paul Grain.
St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.52@1.53½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.49½@1.54½; No. 2 Montana hard, \$1.54@1.55½; corn, 71½@72¼c; oats, 56¼@56¾c; barley, 75@85c; rye, \$1.25½@1.26½; flax, \$1.87@1.91.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.
Chicago, Feb. 8.—Wheat—May, \$1.63½; July, \$1.59½. Corn—May, 79½c; July, 81½c. Oats—May, 60½c; July, 57½c. Pork—May, \$19.27½; July, \$19.67½. Butter—Creameries, 32c. Eggs—23@24c. Poultry—Fowls, 16c; springs, 15½@16c.

Chicago Live Stock.
Chicago, Feb. 8.—Cattle—Steers, \$5.70@9.25; cows and heifers, \$3.10@8.15; calves, \$8.00@11.75. Hogs—Light, \$6.90@7.00; mixed, \$6.75@7.02½; heavy, \$6.60@7.00; rough, \$6.60@6.70; pigs, \$5.40@6.60. Sheep—Native, \$6.25@7.05; yearlings, \$7.50@8.30.

Minneapolis Grain.
Minneapolis, Feb. 8.—Wheat—May, \$1.53; July, \$1.48½; Sept., \$1.29½. Cash close on track: No. 1 hard, \$1.57; No. 1 Northern, \$1.52@1.55½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.47½@1.54; No. 3 Northern, \$1.45@1.51½; No. 3 yellow corn, 71½@72c; No. 3 white oats, 56¼@56¾c; flax, \$1.90.

St. Paul Hay.
St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Hay—Choice timothy, \$15.00; No. 1 timothy, \$13.50@14.75; No. 1 clover mixed, \$11.50@12.25; No. 1 mixed, different grasses, \$11.00@11.75; No. 1 mixed, timothy and wild, \$11.00@11.75; choice upland, \$12.00; No. 1 upland, \$11.50@12.25; No. 1 midland, \$8.50@9.00; No. 1 alfalfa, \$13.50@14.25.

REGRET DELAY OF CANAL OPENING

Gives the Critic an Opportunity to Say "I Told You So."

SLIDES ARE TROUBLESOME.

Many Point to the Nicaragua Route and Assert That Was the Better One. People in Cities Forced to Pay High Prices on Account of Big Transportation Charges.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Feb. 8.—[Special.]—The delay in opening the Panama canal is unfortunate in some respects because it affords an opportunity for the croakers to say, "I told you so." There are quite a number of men of prominence and good judgment who never have believed in the feasibility of the Panama canal and who have insisted that it has been a tremendous waste of money. Some of these believe that the location was wrong and that it is impossible to dig any kind of a ditch in the Culebra region that will not constantly fill up with the sliding earth.

There are also quite a number of naval officers who believe that the canal instead of being a source of strength is really a source of weakness because it requires a large military force to guard it and in case of war will need a fleet at each end.

Turning to the Old Route.

There is considerable significance in what Secretary Bryan has said about preparing for a new canal route and giving that as a reason why the treaties with Nicaragua and Costa Rica should be ratified by which the United States acquires for \$4,500,000 the right to construct a canal on a new route. It is supposed to be a great advantage for the United States to construct a canal which would be the making of those two countries, and with our usual generous spirit we are to pay the cost for benefiting them.

It Is Yet an Experiment.

And yet no one is assured that the Nicaraguan route would be successful, although it was supported by canal advocates up to the last moment. It is a matter of interesting history that the vote in the house of representatives in favor of Nicaragua was 200 to 1, but the house reversed itself when the senate chose the Panama route by a majority of three.

Those were strange times and strange doings.

One of the arguments against the Nicaraguan route was the danger of volcanoes, but it seems quite likely that with the same expenditure of money at Nicaragua which has been spent at Panama there is little doubt about the building of an adequate canal.

Transportation Rates in Cities.

The great cry against exorbitant transportation rates comes largely from those who complain of hauling freights long distances. The shippers and the farmers seem to think that they have to pay immense transportation charges. They never seem to consider that people in the cities are the ones who are assessed heavy rates on transportation. For instance, a package is sent from Norfolk, Va., to Washington for 25 cents, which is a distance of some 200 miles. The delivery in Washington costs 50 cents. Other freight and handling charges in the cities are in like proportion, and after all it is the residents of cities that are burdened with exorbitant transportation rates. This applies to coal, foodstuffs and everything that is consumed by residents of cities.

The Way of a Belligerent.

Senator Walsh of Montana was discussing the rights of belligerents and mentioned the London conference which governs shipments at sea. Senator Norris of Nebraska asked him "if it was not the intention of the British government to follow the London conference except wherein it had."

"Except in those particulars in which it does not like them," interrupted the Montana senator.

And it appears that nearly all of the belligerents are doing the same thing.

The Country Was Different.

Congressman Boomer of Missouri undertook to fight some of the items in the agricultural bill, but without any success. Once on the subject of crop estimates Boomer, replying to Jacoway of Arkansas, said "that the country went along for 110 years without such reports and that the farmers got along very well."

"Was not the government different then from what it is now?" asked Jacoway. "Wonderfully different," responded Boomer. "We didn't have so much paternalism in the country at that time, and now we have more paternalism and less individualism."

Doing Nothing.

Nothing is easy to do. The hardest thing to do well is nothing.—Detroit Free Press.

PHILIP E. BROWN.

Minnesota Supreme Court Jurist Dead.



JUSTICE BROWN IS DEAD

Minnesota Supreme Court Jurist Victim of Heart Disease.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Philip E. Brown, associate justice of the Minnesota supreme court, died suddenly from heart disease at his home. He was fifty-nine years old and had been on the supreme bench since Jan. 1, 1912.

Justice Brown, according to members of his family, had shown no evidence of ill health.

Justice Brown was born in Lafayette county, Wis., in 1856. He was educated in the University of Wisconsin and was graduated from the Albany (N. Y.) law school.

Justice Brown came to Minnesota in 1883, making his home at Luverne. He was married there and retained his residence there until elected to the supreme bench in 1910.

In southwestern Minnesota in the years between 1892 and 1898 Justice Brown was a prominent figure. During that time he served as judge of the Thirteenth judicial district. He was appointed to that office by Governor Merriam in February, 1891, and was elected to the office again in 1892, 1898 and 1904.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS APPEAR SATISFIED

Believe Germans Will Not Sink Neutral Vessels.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Although the text of Germany's official memorandum explaining the admiralty's proclamation of a submarine campaign against enemy merchant ships has been delayed in transmission and did not reach the state department from Ambassador Gerard publication in the press of the text of the document produced a profound impression on officials and diplomats here.

As the memorandum revealed that German naval commanders had been given orders to "avoid violence" to neutral ships it was regarded as much more reassuring than the brief proclamation, though there was some uneasiness over the suggestion in the memorandum that torpedoes intended for enemy merchant ships might unintentionally strike neutral vessels.

President Wilson and his cabinet have come to no decision as to whether there will be any protest from the United States government, but it is believed that some inquiry may be made to determine what steps are planned to take off passengers and crew from enemy merchant ships, as well as neutral vessels, the former because a great number of American citizens are accustomed to travel to Europe on passenger steamers belonging to belligerent powers. The declaration of London provides that all persons aboard an enemy merchant ship must be saved before the vessel is destroyed.

RAILROADS DECIDE TO APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Illinois railroads will place their request to boost passenger transportation to 2½ cents a mile before the people of the state before submitting it to the politicians.

Poisons Wife and Himself.

San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 8.—John W. Platt, a shoe salesman, forty-four old, and his wife, Irene Platt, twenty-five, are dead from poison believed to have been administered by Platt. The husband had been out of work for some time.

WARM TIME AT PEACE MEETING

Chicago Audience Hisses Name of William J. Bryan.

GATHERING MAINLY GERMANS

Swedish Lecturer Tells Large Crowd He Had Sat in Shame Listening to Inflammatory Speeches—Flags of German Societies Outnumber the Stars and Stripes.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—J. J. O'Leary of New York, president of the American Truth society, denounced England, criticized America, pleaded for Germany and ridiculed the United States at a mass meeting of the American Neutrality league, of which the avowed purpose was the promotion of peace.

His mention of William Jennings Bryan brought forth hisses and Jenkins Lloyd Jones, pastor of All Souls church, arose and declared he would leave the platform unless neutrality was preserved.

The meeting was one of the largest ever held in the city, a great percentage of the audience being Germans. Mr. O'Leary said Secretary Bryan was trying "to crucify the fatherland of more than 25,000,000 of our people upon a cross of British gold."

Gustav Schvan, a Swedish lecturer who was to have been one of the chief speakers, told the audience he had sat in shame listening to the inflammatory speeches. He was not in sympathy with the spirit shown, he said, and would not have come to the meeting had he foreseen the character it was to assume.

Chairman Jones introduced Frank Buchanan, a labor leader, scheduled as a neutral speaker, with the proviso "that he may present himself to you if he chooses to take his life in his hands."

Receives Hoots and Catcalls.

Mr. Buchanan was met with hoots and catcalls when he defended the sincerity of purpose of Mr. Bryan. "While I may not agree with the secretary of state," he said, "I do believe in his sincerity in his work for peace and I believe he will be able to do some work that will be valuable. You are not going to make progress by appealing to prejudice."

Mr. Jones, who had been asked to act as chairman, arrived half an hour late. When he reached the Coliseum he found the sidewalk lined by men selling banners bearing pictures of the German emperor, the German eagle and the inscription, "Deutschland Ueber Alles."

O'Leary was speaking, roundly applauded, when Jones entered the hall. German banners were depending from the galleries and conspicuous were the banners of German societies, numbering 150, decorating the space about the speaker. American flags were outnumbered.

Jones pleaded for a place for the allied flags. "If this is a pro-German and an anti-British meeting—and, mind you, my attitude would be the same if it were pro-British and anti-German—I have no place here and respectfully beg leave to withdraw."

He was assured that the meeting was called in the interests of neutrality and returned to the chair.

Before the arrival of Chairman Jones the meeting adopted the declarations of the principles of neutrality adopted at Washington at a conference of various organizations.

MALE PASSENGERS ROBBED

Four Masked Men Get Money and Jewelry.

West Palm Beach, Fla., Feb. 8.—The Palm Beach limited train of the Florida East Coast railroad, bound from Jacksonville to Miami, was boarded by four masked men at Stuart, Fla., and male passengers on the observation platform robbed of money and jewelry.

No attempt was made to molest women passengers.

Revolvers were turned on the brakeman and he was ordered to pull the bell cord to stop the train. When it slowed down the hand jumped to the ground and escaped.

Posses are searching for the men.

VETERAN JURIST IS DEAD

George H. Smith Represented Last of California-Mexican Governors.

Los Angeles, Feb. 8.—Colonel George H. Smith, personal attorney of Pio Pico, last of the Mexican governors of California and later a judge of the district court of appeals when the Southern California district was established, died here. He was eighty-one years old. He commanded a cavalry regiment in the Confederate army and wrote many books on philosophy and jurisprudence.

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This virtual loss of the services of the Goeben reduces the Turkish fleet to a state of inferiority, as compared with the Russian Black sea fleet, which is about to be strengthened by a new dreadnought constructed at Sebastopol.

It is believed that when this ship joins the fleet Russia will attack the Bosphorus and the Black sea, while the allied fleets attempt to force the Dardanelles.

With the German and Russian emperors as eyewitnesses the armies of Russia and Germany still are contending for the positions which protect the Polish capital at Warsaw from the invaders.

Two Rulers at the Front.

The Russian emperor has been at Russian headquarters for several days and the German report announces the German emperor has joined his generals and has visited some of the troops in their trenches.

Nothing has been disclosed as to the progress of the battle, which, when the last reports were received, was raging with unabated fury.

In East Prussia another big battle is developing, the Germans having sent reinforcements, apparently from their Baura front, to that region.

In the Carpathians, while their right is advancing, the Russians are only able to report that their left has checked the Austro-German offensive.

With regard to all this fighting the German official report simply says:

"No essential events have taken place."

The fighting in the West merely is a repetition of that of the preceding days.

No further fighting in Egypt is reported. The Turkish account of that which already has occurred there refers to it as an encounter of vanguards and adds that the battles are still in progress. This probably is a delayed announcement.

FATE OF BILL UNCERTAIN

Ship Purchase Measure Attracts Attention in Senate.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Whether the fight of administration leaders to pass the government ship purchase bill will be carried through to a point where consideration of the measure as unfinished business of the senate will prevent action on appropriation bills, thus forcing a special session of congress, was the question paramount in the minds of administration leaders.

With only twenty-one working days remaining in the life of the Sixty-third congress the fate of the ship purchase measure remains uncertain. Whether it will be held before the senate until the passage, or until the fall of the gavel ends the session on March 4, must be determined by the president and administration leaders and it is thought some understanding on this point will be reached within a few days.

RICH CATTLEMAN ARRESTED

Walter K. Bowker Charged With Conspiracy.

Los Angeles, Feb. 8.—Walter K. Bowker, wealthy cattleman with large holdings in Mexico, surrendered to federal authorities. A warrant charges him with conspiracy to violate the neutrality of the United States. It is charged he was connected with alleged recruiting on American soil of Mexicans for service in Lower California.

Balthazar Aviles, former governor of Lower California, and two other men said to have headed the recruiting movement are under arrest at San Diego.

GERMANS ATTEMPT CAPTURE POSITIONS

Special to Dispatch:

Petrograd, Feb. 8.—Under the eye of Kaiser William, the German regiment are vigorously attacking the new Russian positions near Kaminion near the left bank of Bzura. The Germans are attempting to capture the heights occupied by the Russian troops after they forced the crossing of Bzura near its confluence with the Vistula.

RUSSIAN LINES HOLD AT WARSAW

Special to The Dispatch:—

London, Feb. 8.—The German attack in Central Poland thus far has failed to make a gap in the Russian lines which would open the way to Warsaw and apparently the only result of the battle has been heavy losses on both sides.

Petrograd has announced the capture of several German positions but the general alignment of the opposing armies has not changed materially.

DEATH TOLL IS TWENTY-ONE

Mine Explosion Results From an Open Lamp.

Fayetteville, W. Va., Feb. 8.—The death of Remus Chandler, a negro, increased the number of victims of the explosion in the Carlisle mine of the New River Coal company, to twenty-one. One hundred and eighty men were entombed and of the 160 who escaped Chandler was the only one hurt seriously.

W. L. Thomas, chief clerk of the state department of mines, who inspected the Carlisle working, said that the explosion resulted from the ignition of gas from an open lamp.

GERMAN BANKS PAY LESS

Dresden Institution Cuts and Another One Passes Its Dividend.

Berlin, Feb. 8.—The Berliner Tageblatt says it learns that the Dresdener bank will pay 6 per cent dividend this year instead of 8½ per cent as previously. It is also stated that the National Bank of Deutschland has announced that it will pass its dividend. This bank paid 6 per cent last year.

The official federal council has rescinded the regulation whereby imported grain and flour could be sold only to municipalities or to the grain monopoly.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 8.—Wheat—On track and to arrive, No. 1 hard, \$1.56½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.55½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.53½. Flax—On track and to arrive, \$1.90.

South St. Paul Live Stock.

South St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Cattle—Steers, \$4.50@8.25; cows and heifers, \$4.50@6.75; stockers and feeders, \$4.25@6.75; Hogs—\$6.50@6.75. Sheep—Lamb, \$4.50@8.50; wethers, \$5.25@6.50; ewes, \$2.50@5.75.

St. Paul Grain.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.52@1.56½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.49½@1.54½; No. 2 Montana hard, \$1.54@1.55½; corn, 71½¢@72¼¢; oats, 56¼¢@56½¢; barley, 75¢@85¢; rye, \$1.25½@1.26½; flax, \$1.87@1.91.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Wheat—May, 71¢@73¼; July, \$1.39½. Corn—May, 79¢@80¢; July, 81¢. Oats—May, 69¢; July, 57¢. Pork—May, \$19.27½; July, \$19.67½. Butter—Creameries, 32c. Eggs—23¢@24c. Poultry—Fowls, 16c; springs, 15¢@16c.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Cattle—Steers, \$5.70@9.25; cows and heifers, \$3.10@8.15; calves, \$8.00@11.75. Hogs—Light, \$6.90@7.90; mixed, \$6.75@7.02½; heavy, \$6.60@7.00; rough, \$6.60@6.70; pigs, \$5.40@6.60. Sheep—Native, \$6.25@7.05; yearlings, \$7.50@8.30.

Minneapolis Grain.

Minneapolis, Feb. 8.—Wheat—May, \$1.53; July, \$1.48½; Sept., \$1.29½. Cash close on track: No. 1 hard, \$1.57; No. 1 Northern, \$1.52@1.56½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.47½@1.54; No. 3 Northern, \$1.45@1.51½; No. 3 yellow corn, 71½¢@72c; No. 3 white oats, 56¼¢@56½¢; flax, \$1.90.

St. Paul Hay.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Hay—Choice timothy, \$15.00; No. 1 timothy, \$13.50@14.75; No. 1 clover mixed, \$12.50@12.25; No. 1 mixed, different grasses, \$11.00@11.75; No. 1 mixed, timothy and wild, \$11.00@11.75; choice upland, \$15.00; No. 1 upland, \$11.50@12.25; No. 1 midland, \$8.50@9.00; No. 1 alfalfa, \$13.50@14.25.

REGRET DELAY OF CANAL OPENING

Gives the Critic an Opportunity to Say "I Told You So."

SLIDES ARE TROUBLESOME.

Many Point to the Nicaragua Route and Assert That Was the Better One. People in Cities Forced to Pay High Prices on Account of Big Transportation Charges.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Feb. 8.—[Special.]—The delay in opening the Panama canal is unfortunate in some respects because it affords an opportunity for the croakers to say, "I told you so." There are quite a number of men of prominence and good judgment who never have believed in the feasibility of the Panama canal and who have insisted that it has been a tremendous waste of money. Some of these believe that the location was wrong and that it is impossible to dig any kind of a ditch in the Culebra region that will not constantly fill up with the sliding earth.

There are also quite a number of naval officers who believe that the canal instead of being a source of strength is really a source of weakness because it requires a large military force to guard it and in case of war will need a fleet at each end.

Turning to the Old Route.

There is considerable significance in what Secretary Bryan has said about preparing for a new canal route and giving that as a reason why the treaties with Nicaragua and Costa Rica should be ratified by which the United States acquires for \$4,500,000 the right to construct a canal on a new route. It is supposed to be a great advantage for the United States to construct a canal which would be the making of those two countries, and with our usual generous spirit we are to pay the cost for benefiting them.

It Is Yet an Experiment.

And yet no one is assured that the Nicaraguan route would be successful, although it was supported by canal advocates up to the last moment. It is a matter of interesting history that the vote in the house of representatives in favor of Nicaragua was 300 to 1, but the house reversed itself when the senate chose the Panama route by a majority of three.

Those were strange times and strange doings.

One of the arguments against the Nicaraguan route was the danger of volcanoes, but it seems quite likely that with the same expenditure of money at Nicaragua which has been spent at Panama there is little doubt about the building of an adequate canal.

Transportation Rates in Cities.

The great cry against exorbitant transportation rates comes largely from those who complain of hauling freights long distances. The shippers and the farmers seem to think that they have to pay immense transportation charges. They never seem to consider that people in the cities are the ones who are assessed heavy rates on transportation.

For instance, a package is sent from Norfolk, Va., to Washington for 25 cents, which is a distance of some 200 miles. The delivery in Washington costs 50 cents. Other freight and handling charges in the cities are in like proportion, and after all it is the residents of cities that are burdened with exorbitant transportation rates. This applies to coal, foodstuffs and everything that is consumed by residents of cities.

The Way of a Belligerent.

Senator Walsh of Montana was discussing the rights of belligerents and mentioned the London conference which governs shipments at sea. Senator Norris of Nebraska asked him "if it was not the intention of the British government to follow the London conference except wherein it had."

"Except in those particulars in which it does not like them," interrupted the Montana senator.

And it appears that nearly all of the belligerents are doing the same thing.

The Country Was Different.

Congressman Booher of Missouri undertook to fight some of the items in the agricultural bill, but without any success. Once on the subject of crop estimates Booher, replying to Jacobway of Arkansas, said "that the country went along for 110 years without such reports and that the farmers got along very well."

"Was not the government different then from what it is now?" asked Jacobway. "Wonderfully different," responded Booher. "We didn't have so much paternalism in the country at that time, and now we have more paternalism and less individualism."

Doing Nothing.

Nothing is easy to do. The hardest thing to do well is nothing.—Detroit Free Press.

PHILIP E. BROWN.

Minnesota Supreme Court Jurist Dead.



JUSTICE BROWN IS DEAD

Minnesota Supreme Court Jurist Victim of Heart Disease.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Philip E. Brown, associate justice of the Minnesota supreme court, died suddenly from heart disease at his home. He was fifty-nine years old and had been on the supreme bench since Jan. 1, 1912.

Justice Brown, according to members of his family, had shown no evidence of ill health.

Justice Brown was born in Lafayette county, Wis., in 1856. He was educated in the University of Wisconsin and was graduated from the Albany (N. Y.) law school.

Justice Brown came to Minnesota in 1883, making his home at Luverne. He was married there and retained his residence there until elected to the supreme bench in 1910.

In southwestern Minnesota in the years between 1892 and 1898 Justice Brown was a prominent figure. During that time he served as judge of the Thirteenth judicial district. He was appointed to that office by Governor Merriam in February, 1891, and was elected to the office again in 1892, 1898 and 1904.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS APPEAR SATISFIED

Believe Germans Will Not Sink Neutral Vessels.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Although the text of Germany's official memorandum explaining the admiralty's proclamation of a submarine campaign against enemy merchant ships has been delayed in transmission and did not reach the state department from Ambassador Gerard publication in the press of the text of the document produced a profound impression on officials and diplomats here.

As the memorandum revealed that German naval commanders had been given orders to "avoid violence" to neutral ships it was regarded as much more reassuring than the brief proclamation, though there was some uneasiness over the suggestion in the memorandum that torpedoes intended for enemy merchant ships might unintentionally strike neutral vessels.

President Wilson and his cabinet have come to no decision as to whether there will be any protest from the United States government, but it is believed that some inquiry may be made to determine what steps are planned to take off passengers and crew from enemy merchant ships, as well as neutral vessels, the former because a great number of American citizens are accustomed to travel to Europe on passenger steamers belonging to belligerent powers. The declaration of London provides that all persons aboard an enemy merchant ship must be saved before the vessel is destroyed.

No attempt was made to molest women passengers.

Revolvers were turned on the brakeman and he was ordered to pull the bell cord to stop the train. When it slowed down the hand jumped to the ground and escaped.

Posses are searching for the men.

RAILROADS DECIDE TO APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Illinois railroads will place their request to boost passenger transportation to 2½ cents a mile before the people of the state before submitting it to the politicians.

Poisons Wife and Himself.

San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 8.—John W. Platt, a shoe salesman, forty-four old, and his wife, Irene Platt, twenty-five, are dead from poison believed to have been administered by Platt. The husband had been out of work for some time.

WARM TIME AT PEACE MEETING

Chicago Audience Hisses Name of William J. Bryan.

GATHERING MAINLY GERMANS

Swedish Lecturer Tells Large Crowd He Had Sat in Shame Listening to Inflammatory Speeches—Flags of German Societies Outnumber the Stars and Stripes.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—J. J. O'Leary of New York, president of the American Truth society, denounced England, criticized America, pleaded for Germany and ridiculed the United States at a mass meeting of the American Neutrality league, of which the avowed purpose was the promotion of peace.

His mention of William Jennings Bryan brought forth hisses and Jenkin Lloyd Jones, pastor of All Souls church, arose and declared he would leave the platform unless neutrality were preserved.

The meeting was one of the largest ever held in the city, a great percentage of the audience being Germans. Mr. O'Leary said Secretary Bryan was trying "to crucify the fatherland of more than 25,000,000 of our people upon a cross of British gold."

Gustav Schvan, a Swedish lecturer who was to have been one of the chief speakers, told the audience he had sat in shame listening to the inflammatory speeches. He was not in sympathy with the spirit shown, he said, and would not have come to the meeting had he foreseen the character it was to assume.

Chairman Jones introduced Frank Buchanan, a labor leader, scheduled as a neutral speaker, with the proviso "that he may present himself to you if he chooses to take his life in his hands."

Receives Hoots and Catcalls.

Mr. Buchanan was met with hoots and catcalls when he defended the sincerity of purpose of Mr. Bryan. "While I may not agree with the secretary of state," he said, "I do believe in his sincerity in his work for peace and I believe he will be able to do some work that will be valuable. You are not going to make progress by appealing to prejudice."

Mr. Jones, who had been asked to act as chairman, arrived half an hour late. When he reached the Coliseum he found the sidewalk lined by men selling banners bearing pictures of the German emperor, the German eagle and the inscription, "Deutschland Ueber Alles."

O'Leary was speaking, roundly applauded, when Jones entered the hall. German banners were depending from the galleries and conspicuous were the banners of German societies, numbering 150, decorating the space about the speaker. American flags were outnumbered.

Jones pleaded for a place for the allied flags. "If this is a pro-German and an anti-British meeting—and, mind you, my attitude would be the same if it were pro-British and anti-German—I have no place here and respectfully beg leave to withdraw."

He was assured that the meeting was called in the interests of neutrality and returned to the chair.

Before the arrival of Chairman Jones the meeting adopted the declarations of the principles of neutrality adopted at Washington at a conference of various organizations.

MALE PASSENGERS ROBBED

Four Masked Men Get Money and Jewelry.

West Palm Beach, Fla., Feb. 8.—The Palm Beach limited train of the Florida East Coast railroad, bound from Jacksonville to Miami, was boarded by four masked men at Stuart, Fla., and male passengers on the observation platform robbed of money and jewelry.

No attempt was made to molest women passengers.

Revolvers were turned on the brakeman and he was ordered to pull the bell cord to stop the train. When it slowed down the hand jumped to the ground and escaped.

Posses are searching for the men.

VETERAN JURIST IS DEAD

George H. Smith Represented Last of California-Mexican Governors.

Los Angeles, Feb. 8.—Colonel George H. Smith, personal attorney of Pio Pico, last of the Mexican governors of California and later a judge of the district court of appeals when the Southern California district was established, died here. He was eighty-one years old. He commanded a cavalry regiment in the Confederate army and wrote many books on philosophy and jurisprudence.

A. F. GROVES, M. D.

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Brainerd, Minnesota

**WHOLESALE
to Consumer**

We have leased our store for a term
of years and must vacate. FOR THE
NEXT TEN DAYS goods will be sold
at a great sacrifice.

17 Lbs. Granulated Sugar for—\$1.00
Early June Can Peas, case
(24 cans) —————\$1.50
Minnesota Sweet Corn in 2 Lb.
Cans (24 Cans) —————\$1.75
Alaska Salmon, 1 Lb. Cans, per
dozen cans —————\$1.00
30 Bars Lenox Laundry Soap—\$1.00
5 Gallons of Kerosene Oil. —50c

L. J. CALE

Get Your Pictures Enlarged by Our

New Process

The Work Cannot be Exceeded
Prices Very Reasonable

A. M. Opsahl

Photographer

So. Seventh St. Brainerd, Minn.

THE WEATHER

Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours.
Fair today and Sunday.

Feb. 5—Maximum 27 above, mini-
mum 17 above. Snowfall, a trace.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

New Victor Records—"Michael's."

J. M. Quinn went to Nisswa this
afternoon.

For Sale Mill wood. Phone 96-R.

Co. Freeman Thorp, of Hubert, was
in the city today.

Spring weather today caused much
snow to melt and cleared up walks.
Fancy Valentines at Nobles, 506
Laurel street. 20617

Rev. C. Hougstad went to Jenkins
today where he has church services.
Attorney D. B. McAlpine, of Iron-
ton, was in the city on legal busi-
ness.

Valentine Post Card, Hearts, Laces,
Pills, Booklets and Box Goods at No-
bles, 506 Laurel street. 20617

Dr. and Mrs. Gus Abrahamson re-
turned this noon to their home in
Staples.

When your chimney clogs up and
smokes, use Anti-Carbon. D. M.
Clark & Co.—Advt. 20117

August Carlson, sick at the North-
ern Pacific hospital, is reported much
improved.

**Regular Meeting
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
Wednesday Eve.
Feb. 10th, 8 p. m.**

M. W. Price, a Brainerd visitor,
returned this afternoon to his home
in Jenkins.

Valentines, Valentines. Do not
buy until you have seen mine. J.
H. Noble, 506 Laurel St. 20617

G. J. Kroes went to Milwaukee,
Wis., today where he will visit his
brother, D. Kroes.

A. W. Jarvis, of Coeur d'Alene,
Idaho, visiting relatives in the city,
has returned home.

Wm. Lawrence, who was sick at
the Northern Pacific railway hospital,
has returned to his home.

A boon from the fields, Wheat-a-
Laxa bread. Natural grain laxa-
tive, at Erickson Bros. bakery. 17117

Elmer Husemann went to Pine
River this afternoon where he will do

some floor surfacing with his elec-
tric surfacer.

Gust Brax, of Hibbing, is visiting
his friend, William Kontos. It is his
first view of Brainerd and he was
pleased with the town.

For SPRING WATER Phone 264.
—Advt. 24417

William McGarry who has been at-
tending the Brainerd school of tele-
graphy for the past four months, has
accepted a position at Pine River as
night operator.

H. F. Michael went to the twin
cities today. From there he goes to
Chicago where he will attend the
style shows this week and make pur-
chases of novelties for the H. F.
Michael Co.

Houses, lots, lands, for sale and
rent. Cash or easy. Nettleton.
207110-wt2

The Oriental Princes had a com-
mittee meeting at the water and
light board offices Saturday evening.

**THELO BOSOLOWRINSKY
At the Columbia Wednesday**

Applications are on file with the
secretary, Wm. Nelson. F. B. Wing-
low, a committee man, grabbed a
bunch of twelve and said he could
not stay for the meeting, but he had
a dozen candidates who were anxious
to sign up and join the beneficent
order. C. P. McLean also has a large
number of novitiates in view. C.
D. Peacock has six on the string.

If a better cough syrup than Fo-
ley's Honey and Tar Compound could
be found, we would carry it. We
know this reliable and dependable
medicine has given satisfaction for
more than forty years; therefore we
never offer a substitute for the genu-
ine. Recommended for coughs,
colds, croup, whooping cough, bron-
chial and laryngeal coughs. No opia-
tes. H. P. Dunn, druggist. mwf

CONVICTS SAVE \$100,000

Employment on Highways Proves Big
Saving to New York State.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Employment
on highways and greater liberties for
convicts are recommended in a re-
port prepared by John B. Riley, state
superintendent of prisons. Convict
labor last summer saved the state
\$100,000, Superintendent Riley says.
The superintendent requests an ap-
propriation of \$100,000 for road work
next year and declares he expects to
work about 1,000 men.

The plan of granting inmates great-
er privileges and more time for ex-
ercise and recreation has proved a
success, the report says.

TURKEY GIVES SATISFACTION

Makes Amends to Italy for Seizing
British Consul.

Paris, Feb. 8.—The incident between
Italy and Turkey growing out of the
forcible seizure by the Turks of George
Alexander Richardson, British consul
at Hodeida, Arabia, while he was a
refugee in the Italian consulate at
Hodeida, probably was ended, accord-
ing to a dispatch to the Havas agency
from Moscow.

Mr. Richardson was brought before
the Italian consulate in Hodeida, says
the dispatch. The Italian flag was
flying over the building and the Tur-
kish authorities rendered honors to it.
Mr. Richardson then left on the aux-
iliary cruiser Empress of India.

The correspondent adds that cordial
relations now exist between the Ital-
ian consulate and the local authorities
of Hodeida.

Now is the Season for Never Cough

It is not a patent. If you get
your cough in Brainerd, have it cur-
ed in Brainerd by a Brainerd prepa-
ration. Stange Drug Co. sells and
guarantees it. Green Stamps with
it.—Advt. 177-2mo

Henry Peck Speaks.
"Pa, what is a bachelor?"
"Lucky, my son; very lucky."—Bos-
ton Transcript.

BOMBS IN TRUNK ON SHIP

Plot to Blow Up French Liner Is
Charged to Alleged German.

Paris, Feb. 8.—A plot to blow up
the French line steamer La Cham-
paigne, which has arrived at Coru-
na, Spain, from Mexico, was frus-
trated by a wireless message receiv-
ed aboard the ship Jan. 19, accord-
ing to the Journal's Madrid corre-
spondent.

Reports made by officers of the
vessel when it landed said that a
man aboard believed to be a German
intended to destroy the ship.

Prompt measures were taken by
the captain and the man was arrest-
ed. Five dynamite bombs, the cor-
respondent says, were found in his
trunk.

Five Cents Proves It

A Generous Offer: Cut out this ad,
enclose with 5 cents to Foley & Co.,
Chicago, Ill., and they will send you
our trial packages of Foley's Honey
and Tar Compound for coughs, colds,
croup, bronchial and laryngeal coughs;
Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathar-
tic Tablets. For sale in your town
by H. P. Dunn. mwf

MUSIC AND DRAMA**At the Grand**

The seventh episode of "The Mas-
ter Key" tonight and Tuesday sur-
passes the fast and furious action of
the preceding episode. Withal the
development of the love interest be-
tween Dore and Ruth continues while
both are at the Manx Hotel in San
Francisco. A diversion is afforded
by a trip to Cliff House and a shop-
ping expedition, which bring Dore
and Ruth closer together.

The plunge of death from the hotel
roof sensational feature of this latest
installment of this serial feature.
Wilkerson's man is thrown to his
death by Dore when another attempt
is made to steal the deeds to the
mine. Every week the story grows
deeper and more interesting. The
management is more than pleased
with the success of this serial.

Empress Theatre

This week will be a very enter-
taining one at the Empress. The
show for Tuesday consists of a two
reel Majestic photo-drama, "Three
Brothers," a Reliance comedy, "The
Joke on Yellowstone," a drama with
a strong appeal, "Shadows and Sun-
shine" and another good comedy.

The show for Wednesday is a
splendid feature, Mabel Taliferro,
the dainty dramatic star, in "The
Three of Us." This pictureization in
five parts of the play of the same
name is an intense and absorbing
drama and with Miss Taliferro in the
leading role makes an exceptionally
good feature.

The feature for Friday is a six reel
Keystone comedy, "Tillie's Punctured
Romance," with Marie Dressler,
Charlie Chaplin and Mabel Normand
in the leading roles. This comedy is
the funniest picture ever made and
has played more return engagements
than any other feature picture that
has been on the market the same
length of time.

It is the intention of the manage-
ment to install a first class orchestra
in this theatre and negotiations are
being carried on with several first
class musicians. The St. Paul Sym-
phony orchestra having disbanded, it
is expected that a former member of
that organization, and the Boston
Symphony orchestra will be secured
to lead. Further arrangements will
be announced later.

At the Columbia

The announcement that the great
photo play "The Will O' the Wisp"
will be here tonight and Tuesday
means a real event in the history of
moving pictures here in Brainerd.
This photo play has been heralded
very extensively and should pack this
popular theatre to the overflowing.
A very funny comedy will complete
the program.

Announcement is made that on
Wednesday of this week along with
numerous other acts, Thelo Bosolow-
rinsky, the great violinist, has been
engaged and will render one of his
famous rhapsodies. There is no joke
about it but his hair is nearly one
foot long making his appearance very
striking. Every one should see this
master of violin to really appreciate
his many peculiarities.

Wednesday will be a winner at the
Columbia.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Feb. 2.

Byron H. Gates and wife to Ralph L.
Gates for 1/2 of nw of 2-43-30 wd
\$1600.

Amanda Johnson and husband to Wm.
J. Hogan and Julia Hogan lot 19
and n 1/2 of lot 20 blk. 196 Brainerd
wd \$1 etc.

Tom Suy Hoy and wife to Y. Hing
Yu lot 8 blk. 6, lots 3 and 4 blk. 9
lot 22 blk. 10 Manganese wd Tor-
rens.

Feb. 3.

Clarence D. Applin single to John A.
Ristrom lot 17 blk. 3 Merrifield wd
\$1 etc.

Rengna Burke and husband et al to
John Heitmann und. 1-20 int. in
1/2 nw, sw of 1/4 and nw of sw of
8-45-29 wd \$1.

Anna M. Dunn and husband et al to
Emma Davis 1/2 nw of 29-44-28
wd \$2200.

John Heitmann unmarried to George
Sprague und. 1-40 int. 1/2 nw, sw
of nw and nw of sw of 8-45-29 wd
\$1.

Victoria S. Nygard and husband to
W. B. Marr s 50 ft. of lot 9 and 10
blk. 7 Deerwood wd \$100.

M. B. Schader and husband to Chas.
K. Zumbrennen s 1/2 ne of 26-136-
29 wd \$600.

Brainerd Townsite Co. to John B. Co-
lombo lots 17 and 18 blk. 39 Cuy-
una Range Addn to Brainerd wd
Torrens.

Feb. 4—No Transfers

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

**Advance Display of
Dress and Wash Goods
for Spring & Summer**

Every woman, who enjoys seeing pretty things to wear, who likes to know that
what she sees is new, correct and worth while, will welcome the news that our Springtime
Dress and Wash Goods Exhibit is now ready.

Nothing that could in any way contribute to the completeness, beauty and authoritativeness of this.
Opening Display has been overlooked. Extraordinary care has been taken to make it not only compre-
hensive, but helpful in its suggestive value to our customers, as well.

Styles of the most striking character—in Silk, Silk and Cotton, Silk and Wool, and in Cotton—
weaves, colorings and prints that will not be obtainable in any other store for weeks, are here now, and
we invite you to come and have the pleasure of seeing them tomorrow.

**Fabrics Unsurpassed in Richness,
Quality or Service**

Which will satisfy your own ideals,
conform to whatever ideas you may
already have for your new Spring
Dress, or come within the price-limit
of your purse—are waiting for you.

Ottoman Weaves, Chalk Line Serges
and Gabardines, Tartan Stripes,
Worsted, Tussah Crepe, Diagonals,
Novelty Checks, and the hundreds of
other equally popular fabrics in more
than half-a-hundred exquisite new
shades and Novelty effects, will all
be on display for the first time.

**Values, Rarely, If Ever Equaled at
the End of the Season**

Are everywhere in evidence! In
Silk, in Wool, Silk and Wool, as well
as in Silk and Cotton Fabrics, you
will find values that cannot be sur-
passed—values that will surprise
and please you with their importance,
for—

Where else will you find genuine silk
Voiles, Poplins, Crepe de Chines,
Grenadines, Messalines, Bengalines,
or Marquisettes to equal those we now
offer for so little money. Wherever
else will the rich varieties, the rare
shades, charming patterns or em-
broidered effects be obtainable so
early in the season?

Come! Judge for Yourself!

It's a Display worth coming miles to see. Come—Be among the first to profit

"Murphy's" "The Store of Quality"**The House of Exclusive Features****COLUMBIA THEATRE**

Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 8-9

THE WORLD'S GREATEST FEATURE—A GALAXY OF STARS in

"Will O' the Wisp"

FEATURE OF FEATURES—Made in a Raging Flood—exciting to the finish—Every inch a FEATURE.
WE RECOMMEND IT

ALSO A SIDE SPUITTER

'Max Splinter the Sprinter'

PROGRAM OF MUSIC TONIGHT:

Adre Etre	Drilla Kriesler
Valse d' Amom	Andrus
Angles Serenade	Broga
Melodie	V. Herbert
Religioso	Thome
Serenade	Drila
Blue Danube Waltz	Strauss

Coming Wednesday

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THE GREAT HUNGARIAN

Played before the Crowned Heads of Europe.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S FAVORITE

"The Wizard of the Bow"

ON WEDNESDAY ONLY

NO RAISE OF ADMISSION

Croup and Whooping Cough

Mrs. T. Neureuer, Eau Claire, Wis.,
says: "Foley's Honey and Tar Com-
pound cured my boy of a very severe
attack of croup after other remedies
had failed. Our milkman cured his
children of whooping cough." Fo-
ley's has a forty years record of simi-
lar cases. Contains no opiates. Al-
ways insist on Foley's. H. P. Dunn.
mwf

**Studebaker and White
Automobiles and Trucks**

Cars on hand for immediate delivery.
Bargains on used cars.

C. A. OLSON, Agent

513 South 7th. St.

:::

Telephone 236 J

BANK WITH US.

First National Bank

Brainerd, - - Minn.

Established 1881

Capital and Surplus

One Hundred Thousand Dollars

A. F. GROVES, M. D.

Practice Limited to
EYE, EAR, NOSE, AND THROAT
GLASSES FITTED CORRECTLY
Office Iron Exchange Building

H. G. INGERSOLL, D. D. S.
DENTIST

Room 204 Iron Exchange Bldg.
Brainerd, Minn.

MAUDE GIRAULT SMALLEY
TEACHER OF SINGING

Thursday and Friday Mornings
223 N. 7th St. Phone 304-L

T. C. BLEWITT
LAWYER

Practice in all Courts
Established 1899
COLLECTIONS AND INSURANCE
DEPARTMENTS
217-218 Iron Exchange Bldg.
Brainerd, Minnesota

WHOLESALE
to Consumer

We have leased our store for a term
of years and must vacate. FOR THE
NEXT TEN DAYS goods will be sold
at a great sacrifice.

17 Lbs. Granulated Sugar for...\$1.00
Early June Can Peas, case
(24 cans)\$1.50
Minnesota Sweet Corn in 2 Lb.
Cans (24 Cans)\$1.75
Alaska Salmon, 1 Lb. Cans, per
dozen cans.....\$1.00
30 Bars Lenox Laundry Soap.....\$1.00
5 Gallons of Kerosene Oil.....50c

L. J. CALE

Get Your Pictures Enlarged by Our

New Process

The Work Cannot be Excelled
Prices Very Reasonable

A. M. Opsahl

Photographer

So. Seventh St. Brainerd, Minn.

THE WEATHER

Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours.
Fair today and Sunday.

Feb. 5—Maximum 27 above, mini-
mum 17 above. Snowfall, a trace.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

New Victor Records—"Michael's."

J. M. Quinn went to Nisswa this
afternoon.

For Sale Mill wood. Phone 96-R.

Co. Freeman Thorp, of Hubert, was
in the city today.

Spring weather today caused much
snow to melt and cleared up walks.

Fancy Valentines at Nobles, 506
Laurel street. 20647

Rev. C. Hougstad went to Jenkins
today where he has church services.

Attorney D. B. McAlpine, of Iron-
ton, was in the city on legal busi-
ness.

Valentine Post Card, Hearst, Laces,
Pulls, Booklets and Box Goods at No-
bles, 506 Laurel street. 20647

Dr. and Mrs. Gus Abrahamson re-
turned this noon to their home in
Staples.

When your chimney clogs up and
smokes, use Anti-Carbon. D. M.
Clark & Co.—Advt. 2011f

August Carlson, sick at the North-
ern Pacific hospital, is reported much
improved.

Regular Meeting
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
Wednesday Eve.
Feb. 10th, 8 p. m.

M. W. Price, a Brainerd visitor,
returned this afternoon to his home
in Jenkins.

Valentines, Valentines. Do not
buy until you have seen mine. J.
H. Noble, 506 Laurel St. 20647

G. J. Kroes went to Milwaukee,
Wis., today where he will visit his
brother, D. Kroes.

A. W. Jarvis, of Coeur d'Alene,
Idaho, visiting relatives in the city,
has returned home.

Wm. Lawrence, who was sick at
the Northern Pacific railway hospital,
has returned to his home.

A boon from the fields, Wheat-a-
Laxa bread. Natural grain laxa-
tive, at Ericsson Bros. bakery. 1711f

Elmer Husemann went to Pine
River this afternoon where he will do

some floor surfacing with his elec-
tric surfacer.

Gust Brax, of Hibbing, is visiting
his friend, William Kontos. It is his
first view of Brainerd and he was
pleased with the town.

For SPRING WATER Phone 264.
—Advt. 2447f

William McGarry who has been at-
tending the Brainerd school of tele-
graphy for the past four months, has
accepted a position at Pine River as
night operator.

H. F. Michael went to the twin
cities today. From there he goes to
Chicago where he will attend the
style shows this week and make pur-
chases of novelties for the H. F.
Michael Co.

Houses, lots, lands, for sale and
rent. Cash or easy. Nettleton.
207110-w12

The Oriental Princes had a com-
mittee meeting at the water and
light board offices Saturday evening.

THELO BOSOLOWRINSKY
At the Columbia Wednesday

Applications are on file with the
secretary, Wm. Nelson. F. B. Wins-
low, a committee man, grabbed a
bunch of twelve and said he could
not stay for the meeting, though he had
a dozen candidates who were anxious
to sign up and join the benevolent
order. C. P. McLean also has a large
number of novitiates in view. C.
D. Peacock has six on the string.

If a better cough syrup than Fo-
ley's Honey and Tar Compound could
be found, we would carry it. We
know this reliable and dependable
medicine has given satisfaction for
more than forty years; therefore we
never offer a substitute for the genu-
ine. Recommended for coughs,
colds, croup, whooping cough, bron-
chial and lagrippe coughs. No opi-
ates. H. P. Dunn, druggist. mwf

CONVICTS SAVE \$100,000

Employment on Highways Proves Big
Saving to New York State.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Employment
on highways and greater liberties for
convicts are recommended in a re-
port prepared by John B. Riley, state
superintendent of prisons. Convict
labor last summer saved the state
\$100,000, Superintendent Riley says.
The superintendent requests an ap-
propriation of \$100,000 for road work
next year and declares he expects to
work about 1,000 men.

The plan of granting inmates great-
er privileges and more time for ex-
ercise and recreation has proved a
success, the report says.

TURKEY GIVES SATISFACTION

Makes Amends to Italy for Seizing
British Consul.

Paris, Feb. 8.—The incident between
Italy and Turkey growing out of the
forcible seizure by the Turks of George
Alexander Richardson, British consul
at Hodeida, Arabia, while he was a
refugee in the Italian consulate at
Hodeida, probably was ended, accord-
ing to a dispatch to the Havas agency
from Massowa.

Mr. Richardson was brought before
the Italian consulate in Hodeida, says
the dispatch. The Italian flag was
flying over the building and the Turk-
ish authorities rendered honors to it.
Mr. Richardson then left on the aux-
iliary cruiser Empress of India.

The correspondent adds that cordial
relations now exist between the Ital-
ian consulate and the local authorities
of Hodeida.

Now is the Season for Never Cough
It is not a patent. If you get
your cough in Brainerd, have it cured
in Brainerd by a Brainerd prepara-
tion. Skaug Drug Co. sells and
guarantees it. Green Stamps with
it.—Advt. 177-2mo

Henry Peck Speaks.
"Pa, what is a bachelor?"
"Lucky, my son; very lucky."—Bos-
ton Transcript.

BOMBS IN TRUNK ON SHIP

Plot to Blow Up French Liner Is
Charged to Alleged German.

Paris, Feb. 8.—A plot to blow up
the French line steamer La Cham-
paigne, which has arrived at Corun-
na, Spain, from Mexico, was frus-
trated by a wireless message receiv-
ed aboard the ship Jan. 19, accord-
ing to the Journal's Madrid corre-
spondent.

Reports made by officers of the
vessel when it landed said that a
man aboard believed to be a German
intended to destroy the ship.

Prompt measures were taken by
the captain and the man was arrest-
ed. Five dynamite bombs, the cor-
respondent says, were found in his
trunk.

Five Cents Proves It

A Generous Offer: Cut out this ad,
enclose with 5 cents to Foley & Co.,
Chicago, Ill., and they will send you
our trial packages of Foley's Honey
and Tar Compound for coughs, colds,
croup, bronchial and lagrippe coughs;
Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathar-
tic Tablets. For sale in your town
by H. P. Dunn. mwf

MUSIC AND DRAMA**At the Grand**

The seventh episode of "The Mas-
ter Key" tonight and Tuesday sur-
passes the fast and furious action of
the preceding episode. Withal the
development of the love interest be-
tween Dore and Ruth continues while
both are at the Manx Hotel in San
Francisco. A diversion is afforded
by a trip to Cliff House and a shop-
ping expedition, which bring Dore
and Ruth closer together.

The plunge of death from the hotel
roof sensational feature of this latest
installment of this serial feature.
Wilkerson's man is thrown to his
death by Dore when another attempt
is made to steal the deeds to the
mine. Every week the story grows
deeper and more interesting. The
management is more than pleased
with the success of this serial.

Empress Theatre

This week will be a very enter-
taining one at the Empress. The
show for Tuesday consists of a two
reel Majestic photo-drama, "Three
Brothers," a Reliance comedy, "The
Joke on Yellowstone," a drama with
a strong appeal, "Shadows and Sun-
shine" and another good comedy.

The show for Wednesday is a
splendid feature, Mabel Talferre,
the dainty dramatic star, in "The
Three of Us". This picturization in
five parts of the play of the same
name is an intense and absorbing
drama and with Miss Talferre in the
leading role makes an exceptionally
good feature.

The feature for Friday is a six reel
Keystone comedy, "Tillie's Punctured
Romance," with Marie Dressler,
Charlie Chaplin and Mabel Normand
in the leading roles. This comedy is
the funniest picture ever made and
has played more return engagements
than any other feature picture that
has been on the market the same
length of time.

It is the intention of the manage-
ment to install a first class orchestra
in this theatre and negotiations are
being carried on with several first
class musicians. The St. Paul Sym-
phony orchestra having disbanded, it
is expected that a former member of
that organization, and the Boston
Symphony orchestra will be secured
to lead. Further arrangements will
be announced later.

At the Columbia

The announcement that the great
photo play "The Will O' the Wisp"
will be here tonight and Tuesday
means a real event in the history of
moving pictures here in Brainerd.
This photo play has been heralded
very extensively and should pack this
popular theatre to the overflowing.
A very funny comedy will complete
the program.

Announcement is made that on
Wednesday of this week along with
numerous other acts, Thelo Bogolow-
rinsky, the great violinist, has been
engaged and will render one of his
famous rhapsodies. There is no joke
about it but his hair is nearly one
foot long making his appearance very
striking. Every one should see this
master of violin to really appreciate
his many peculiarities.

Wednesday will be a winner at the
Columbia.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Feb. 2.

Byron H. Gates and wife to Ralph L.
Gates fri e½ of nw of 2-43-30 wd
\$1600.

Amanda Johnson and husband to Wm.
J. Hogan and Julia Hogan lot 19
and n½ of lot 20 blk. 196 Brainerd
wd \$1 etc.

Tom Suy Hoy and wife to Y. Hing
Yu lot 8 blk. 6, lots 3 and 4 blk. 9
lot 22 blk. 10 Manganese wd Tor-
rens.

Feb. 3.

Clarence D. Applin single to John A.
Risstrom lot 17 blk. 2 Merrifield wd
\$1 etc.

Rengna Burke and husband et al to
John Heltmann and. 1-20 int. in
e½ nw, sw of nw and nw of sw of
8-45-29 wd \$1.

Anna M. Dunn and husband et al to
Emma Davis e½ nw of 29-44-28
wd \$2200.

John Heltmann unmarried to George
Sprague and. 1-40 int. e½ nw, sw
of nw and nw of sw of 8-45-29 wd
\$1.

Victoria S. Nygard and husband to
W. B. Marr s 50 ft. of lot 9 and 10
blk. 7 Deerwood wd \$100.

M. B. Schader and husband to Chas.
K. Zumbrennen s½ ne of 26-136-
29 wd \$600.

Brainerd Township Co. to John B. Co-
lombo lots 17 and 18 blk. 39 Cuy-
una Range Addn to Brainerd wd
Torrens.

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brodered effects be obtainable so
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Serenade	Drila
Blue Danube Waltz	Strauss

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C. A. OLSON, Agent

513 South 7th. St.

:::

Telephone 236 J

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

First National Bank

Brainerd, - - Minn.
Established 1887
Capital and Surplus

One Hundred Thousand Dollars

WOMAN'S REALM

THE BRAINERD SCHOOL REPORT

Month of February Made a Month of Revival in Patriotic Sentiment in all Schools of Land

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Urged in Connection with High School, Now Under Serious Consideration by the Board

The school attendance for the month has been slightly better than the attendance for the corresponding month of last year, due largely to the milder weather.

The quarterly examination and the mid-year promotions occurred during the month.

Fifteen pupils from Miss Scott's room passed the state examination in senior grammar and a number of pupils from this room who completed entrance requirements were advanced to the high school room.

The upper class at the Harrison school was transferred to the Washington school to relieve the congested condition at the former building. The improvements at the Harrison school, under way for some weeks, are now completed and the work seems to have been done in a very satisfactory manner.

During the past week or two preparations have been in progress in anticipation of the Washington and Lincoln birthday observance.

The school programs this year will be given on Friday afternoon of this week, Lincoln's birthday, and will consist of patriotic selections by school children and talks on Washington and Lincoln by representative citizens.

The month of February on account of the two significant birthdays is made a month of revival in patriotic sentiment throughout all the schools of the land and parents are requested to join with the teachers in arousing a deeper feeling of patriotic devotion, a keener appreciation of American institutions and a higher regard for the American flag and what it symbolizes.

A special invitation has been sent to the G. A. R. organization, to the Women's Relief Corps and to the Circle Ladies to attend the exercises on Friday, and all citizens are also cordially invited.

On Friday afternoon of last week Miss Koop, of the Mill school, assisted by the normal training girls and their director, Miss Kruger, met with the mothers at the school building and gave a short program followed by a "get acquainted meeting."

On Feb. 26, the normal girls will give an evening program at the Mill school, for the entertainment of the children and parents in the Mill neighborhood.

The night school at the Harrison building, for the study of the English language has been continuing regularly since the middle of December and thus far there has been no diminution in interest and but slight falling off in attendance. Both teachers and students put the two hours at the night session in an earnest effort to attain tangible results and we think the efforts are not in vain.

During the past week some interest and discussion has been aroused concerning a department of agriculture in connection with the high school. The delegation from the committee on agriculture of the Chamber of Commerce, met with the school board last Monday evening for an informal talk on the advisability of the project. The school board appointed a member to consider the matter and report to the board.

As the state bears the expense of maintenance of a department of agriculture in a state high school, up to a certain fixed amount, the matter of having such a department depends largely on whether there are students in a locality sufficient to warrant the outlay.

The local school is expected to furnish two rooms for the work in agriculture, one a laboratory room for experimentation, and the other for class room and lecture purposes. A short course of six weeks must be offered during the winter along a prescribed line, for the benefit of the farming population.

If there are students in or about Brainerd who would avail themselves of such a department, it would appear obvious that steps ought to be taken to obtain one for this city.

The school board has had the matter under serious consideration for more than a year, but the question of room at the high school building has had to be taken into account, as all rooms at the high school building, including five basement rooms, are in daily use. The matter should receive thorough discussion in order to

find out just what the real sentiment is both in the city and in the surrounding territory.

The school operetta, "Princess Chrysanthemum" will be given at the opera house on Thursday evening of this week.

The students of the high school have been patiently working under the direction of Miss Harrison to make this entertainment a success.

Teachers in both high school and grades are working together to secure a capacity house and as the program will be worth while and the proceeds devoted to a worthy cause, we hope the attendance will be all that could be desired.

The commercial department stands ready to send out its more advanced students to do free practice work in stenography, typewriting or general office work whenever it may receive calls.

A few such calls have come in during the month, but not so many as Mr. Kefgen would be glad to meet. Don't hesitate to telephone to the high school if you want a young man or woman sent down for some extra work in your office. They will try to make themselves useful and it may help both you and them.

Since the arrival of the new library books for the grades the teachers have inaugurated a new and what seems to be a very sensible plan of encouraging the use of reading books.

The teacher selects the books suitable to her grade and without waiting for a pupil to call for a book she gives out a book that seems suited to particular pupils' needs.

The schools could use to advantage many more books than they have but the teachers are trying to make a few books do good service.

A well selected list of library books has been ordered for the normal training department and will arrive in a few days.

These books are paid for out of the state funds for training departments and already a considerable start towards a library has been made.

The high school class in agriculture, under Mr. Hicks, is trying to work up an interest in the practical side of the subject and will do some experimenting in seed testing and other useful lines.

A corn tester is in process of construction at the present time.

The Teachers Retirement bill is now before the Minnesota legislature. Organizations that believe in the measure can assist in the matter by adopting resolutions similar to the resolutions adopted by the Brainerd board of education or the Ladies Musical club of the city.

Minnesota has five normal schools and will soon have six, educating teachers at considerable expense.

"Minnesota trained teachers" are in great demand in other states as every city of importance in the state is rapidly coming to realize.

Brainerd has lost many desirable teachers in recent years because of the salary inducements of neighboring states. The Retirement bill is intended to make it an inducement to remain in Minnesota.

The consolidated report of the city school for the month of January follows:

Enrolled to date in grades,	
boys 791, girls 774	1,565
Enrolled to date in high school, boys 87, girls 187	274
Enrolled in H. S. and grades	1851
New entries for month	26
Cases tardy for month	104
Cases tardiness of teachers	4
Per cent, attendance	97
Days lost by teachers (substitutes)	8
No. cases physical punishment	4
No. cases truancy (reported)	9
No. fire drills	0
No. general teachers' meetings	2
Meeting of principals	1
Meeting of special gr. teachers	1

REPORT BY BUILDINGS

Harrison—Miss Caniff, enrollment

329, attendance 98.1, tardy 16.

Washington (grades)—Miss Scott, enrollment 242, attendance 97.7, tardy 11.

Whittier—Miss Barrett, enrollment

235, attendance 97.5, tardy 4.

Lincoln—Miss Case, enrollment

441, attendance 96.1, tardy 45.

Lowell—Miss Greer, enrollment

318, attendance 95.6, tardy 16.

H. S. Dept.—R. R. Dennison, enrollment 274, attendance 99.4, tardy 12.

Normal Training—Miss Kruger, enrollment 12, attendance 99, tardy 0.

Grade Teacher Att Tardy

H. S. Mr. Dennison, Prin.—99.4 12

4th, Louise Anderson —99.27 3

6 & 7, Irene Lowey —99.2 0

5 & 6, Nora J. Smith —99.19 0

6, Clara D. Erickson —99.11 2

5 & 6, Anne M. Erickson —99.11 0

Lowell, Ungraded Norm. dept. 99

Normal, Miss Kruger —99 0

8, Clara E. Case —98.8 5

8, Winnifred Reardon —98.6 3

3 & 4, Esther E. Kastner	98.3	0
4 & 5, Amy Freberg	98.3	2
4, Ellen Forsberg	98.2	5
Mixed, Mary A. Scott	98.1	1
5, Laura V. Haslip	97.97	0
7, Elizabeth Walsh	97.8	4
2 & 3, Mrs. McKay	97.7	0
2 & 3, Hannah Redy	97.67	3
3 & 4, Elizabeth Somers	97.63	1
7, M. B. Saunders	97.5	0
8, Laura Donaldson	97.43	1
6, C. McDougall	97.3	0
7, Fleda Canniff	97.28	0
1st, Claire M. Barker	97.13	3
1 & 2, Marguerite Knight	97.11	5
4, Edna Baker	97.1	4
6, Mabel P. Venoss	97.04	0
1 & 2, Zaida Price	96.9	5
1 & 2, Katherine Cosgrove	96.88	5
3, Mabel Early	96.8	2
8, Louise Barrett	96.7	0
5 & 6, Ellen Willis	96.4	4
2 & 3, Anna Anderson	96.4	4
5, Sara Irwin	95.9	4
6 & 7, Willetta Bryant	95.75	3
1st, Mary L. Small	95.55	3
2 & 3, Florence Schrader	95.5	0
1st, Margaret Somers	95.4	3
2 & 3, Bess Mulline	95.2	0
6 & 7, Julia Wahl	95.09	1
7 & 8, Hannah M. Greer	94.6	2
1st, Mary Walsh	94.5	2
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WHITE-LYONS

Daniel T. Lyons and Miss Admira White were married Feb. 7, at 2:30 in the afternoon at the home of the bride's brother, 706 Fourth avenue northeast, the ceremony being performed by Rev. A. Zabel.

The witnesses were Edward White and Miss Flossie E. White. The bride was attired in a gown of pink silk trimmed with lace. The bridegroom is a brakeman on the Northern Pacific railway and has a run between Brainerd and McGregor.

The happy couple will make their home for a time in Brainerd.

Class of Hope

The Class of Hope of the First Methodist church Sunday school will hold its monthly meeting with Mrs. Gussie Small, 817 Grove street, on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All ladies of the church are welcome.

THEIR 35th ANNIVERSARY

Wedding Anniversary Celebrated by Mr. and Mrs. H. Turcotte at Their Home

Friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. H. Turcotte surprised them Saturday evening on the occasion of their thirty-fifth wedding anniversary. The evening was spent in cards and other amusements. A sumptuous luncheon was served.

The Portland Slogan

Mrs. R. A. Plummer, of Portland, Ore., in a letter to a friend, gives the slogan of Portland, which is preparing for its annual "Rose Festival."

It is "The Whole World Knows the Portland Rose." Mrs. Plummer, who was formerly Miss Mayme Peters of Brainerd, says the weather is fine in Portland and she compares the coast with the Brainerd temperature as recorded in the Brainerd Dispatch.

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NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA, GAS OR INDIGESTION

Each "Pape's Diapiesin" Digests 3000 Grains Food, Ending all Stomach Misery in Five Minutes

Time! Pape's Diapiesin will digest anything you eat and overcome a sour, gassy or out-of-order stomach surely within five minutes. If your meals don't fit comfortably or what you eat lies like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of indigestion.

Get from your pharmacist a fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin and take a dose just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, nausea, debilitating headaches, dizziness or debilitating griping. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapiesin is a certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery is waiting for you at any drug store.

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Brainerd Girl Ten Years Old Wins in Drawing of "Funny Faces" in the Omaha Times

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"The last Funny Face contest, the one where the boys and girls were asked to draw the face of Ty Cobb, proved that girls are more observing than boys and the boys' pictures were not nearly as good as those of the girls, and there were not as many boys who drew faces of Cobb as there were girls. Gladys Fogelstrom, 1810 Grace street, who is only ten years old, gets the dollar prize for girls."

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\$21,000 GIFT FOR POPE

Archbishop and Clergy of Philadelphia Give Purse.

Rome, Feb. 8.—Mgr. Kennedy, rector of the American college in Rome, presented to Pope Benedict a purse of \$21,000, the gift of the archbishop and clergy of Philadelphia.

The pope warmly thanked the donors of the purse and imparted to them the apostolic benediction.

PRISONERS OF WAR

WILL TILL FARMS.

Amsterdam, Feb. 8.—German military authorities have

decided to employ prisoners

of war in carrying on the agricultural work of the country,

according to the Telegraaf.

It has been decided, the paper says, to place groups of

from 80 to 100 prisoners at

the disposition of farmers.

These men must be lodged and

fed by those for whom they

work and will receive a stipend of 10 pfennigs (2½ cents)

a day.

One Way.

Tramp—Ah, mum, I've charged many a battery in my day. Woman—Where and when? Tramp—Oh, when I worked in the battery department of an electric automobile concern.—New York Globe.

Cookery Notes

Lenten Meat Substitutes.

With the approach of Lent, when the supply of meat will be cut down, housewives are interested in knowing how to substitute for it foods that will supply equal nourishment.

Meat is not a necessity, though it has many points in its favor—that is, it is palatable, capable of much variety in cooking and is fairly easy of digestion, with the exception of veal and pork.

Foods best adapted to take the place of meat are eggs, milk and cheese, and for those who are leading an active life, pulse foods, such as peas, beans and lentils. These nitrogenous vegetables have excellent meat value, but are not easily digested in large quantities by those leading sedentary lives.

Remember that cheese is a highly concentrated food, so should be mixed with starchy foods, such as macaroni, bread and rice. Nuts are highly nutritious and capable of being converted into many attractive dishes. Pine kernels, almonds, walnuts and hazelnuts are good meat substitutes, while Brazil nuts and coconuts are oleaginous. Chestnuts alone contain any starch.

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YES, SHE DID KNOW.

And Proved It to Her Critical Old Singing Master.

Many years ago, in an old French church in Berne, a great choir under the famous old leader, Father Reichel, was having its final rehearsal for the production of the "Messiah." The chorists had triumphantly sung through to the place where the soprano solo takes up the refrain, "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth." The singer was a beautiful woman, whose voice had been faultlessly trained. As the tones came out high and clear the listeners were filled with wonder at her perfect technique. Her breathing was faultless, her note placing perfect, her enunciation beyond criticism.

After the final note there was a pause, and all eyes were turned toward the old conductor to catch his look of approval. Great was the surprise, however, when a sharp rap of the baton was heard, as a command for the orchestra to pause, and with a look of sorrow Father Reichel said to the singer, "My daughter, you do not really know that your Redeemer liveth, do you?"

With a flushed face she replied, "Why, yes, I think I do."

"Then sing it," he cried. "Sing it from your heart. Tell it to me so I and all who hear you will know and know that you know the joy and power of it." Then with an imperious gesture he motioned for the orchestra to go over it again.

This time the young woman sang with no thought of herself or of technique and applause from her hearers.

She sang the truth that she knew to her heart and experienced in her life and that she wished to send home to the hearts of the listeners. As the last notes died away there was no wonder at the craftsman's work, but there were quickened hearts that had been moved by the glorious message they had received. As the singer stood forthful of applause, the old master stepped up and with tears in his eyes kissed her on the forehead and said, "You do know, for you have told me."—Exchange.

Ancient Concrete.

That the Romans were very familiar with concrete and gave consideration to its use examination of the concrete work in the forum clearly shows. Their concrete contained generally only two kinds of stone, travertine and seicie. In equal parts. Seicie is a hard, closely knit rock, very similar to our bluestone or trap rock in color as well as quality. Travertine is a volcanic rock not so hard as seicie, considerably lighter in color, and was desirable on account of its porosity, which insured a good bond with the cement. In all the Roman work the combination of the travertine and the seicie is clearly distinguishable.

His Mean Comment.

Wife (reading)—Here's the advertisement of a matrimonial agency offering to supply any man with a wife for a dollar. Husband—Oh, of course! It costs less to get into trouble than it does to get out again.

Empress Theatre

THE HOUSE OF REAL FEATURES

TODAY ONLY TODAY

"The Painted Lady's Child"

A Two Reel Drama

"A Yellow Stone Honeymoon"

A Tanhouser Comedy Drama

"Another Chance"

Camajestic Drama

"Her Love Letters"

TOMORROW

"Three Brothers"

A stonk two-part Majestic drama. This photoplay does not contain a dull moment.

"The Joke on Yellowstone"

A Reliance Comedy. This picture contains a great deal of amusement.

"Shadows and Sunshine"

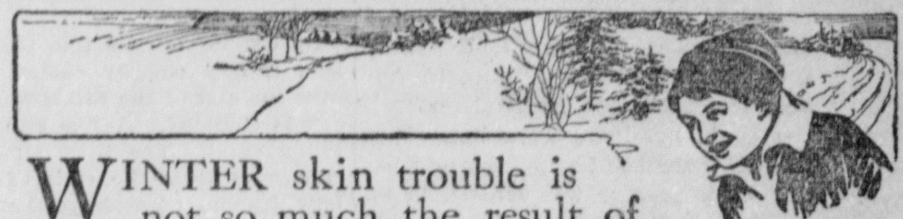
A well constructed drama containing a strong appeal.

AND ANOTHER COMEDY REEL.

Wednesday

"THREE OF US"

FRIDAY—Marie Dressler in "TILLIE'S PUNCTURED ROMANCE"



WINTER skin trouble is not so much the result of coasting, snow-balling, sliding and skating in the frosty air as of improper washing before you go out. Strong soaps, warm water and careless drying leave the skin extremely sensitive to the cold wind.

If instead, you will be careful to use Ivory Soap, rinse in cold water and dry thoroughly, you should have very little, if any, trouble even though you do spend much of the time out-doors.

Ivory Soap because of its mildness, purity and high quality cleanses without irritation. The cold water closes the pores. The thorough drying removes the fine particles of moisture which otherwise freeze and roughen the skin.

IVORY SOAP
99 44/100 PURE



WOMAN'S REALM

THE BRAINERD SCHOOL REPORT

Month of February Made a Month of Revival in Patriotic Sentiment in all Schools of Land

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Urged in Connection with High School, Now Under Serious Consideration by the Board

The school attendance for the month has been slightly better than the attendance for the corresponding month of last year, due largely to the milder weather.

The quarterly examination and the mid-year promotions occurred during the month.

Fifteen pupils from Miss Scott's room passed the state examination in senior grammar and a number of pupils from this room who completed entrance requirements were advanced to the high school room.

The upper class at the Harrison school was transferred to the Washington school to relieve the congested condition at the former building. The improvements at the Harrison school, under way for some weeks, are now completed and the work seems to have been done in a very satisfactory manner.

During the past week or two preparations have been in progress in anticipation of the Washington and Lincoln birthday observance.

The school programs this year will be given on Friday afternoon of this week, Lincoln's birthday, and will consist of patriotic selections by school children and talks on Washington and Lincoln by representative citizens.

The month of February on account of the two significant birthdays is made a month of revival in patriotic sentiment throughout all the schools of the land and parents are requested to join with the teachers in arousing a deeper feeling of patriotic devotion, a keener appreciation of American institutions and a higher regard for the American flag and what it symbolizes.

A special invitation has been sent to the G. A. R. organization, to the Woman's Relief Corps and to the Circle Ladies to attend the exercises on Friday, and all citizens are also cordially invited.

On Friday afternoon of last week Miss Koop, of the Mill school, assisted by the normal training girls and their director, Miss Kruger, met with the mothers at the school building and gave a short program followed by a "get acquainted meeting."

On Feb. 26, the normal girls will give an evening program at the Mill school, for the entertainment of the children and parents in the Mill neighborhood.

The night school at the Harrison building, for the study of the English language has been continuing regularly since the middle of December and thus far there has been no diminution in interest and but slight falling off in attendance. Both teachers and students put the two hours at the night session in an earnest effort to attain tangible results and we think the efforts are not in vain.

During the past week some interest and discussion has been aroused concerning a department of agriculture in connection with the high school. The delegation from the committee on agriculture of the Chamber of Commerce, met with the school board last Monday evening for an informal talk on the advisability of the project. The school board appointed a member to consider the matter and report to the board.

As the state bears the expense of maintenance of a department of agriculture in a state high school, up to a certain fixed amount, the matter of having such a department depends largely on whether there are students in a locality sufficient to warrant the outlay.

The local school is expected to furnish two rooms for the work in agriculture, one a laboratory room for experimentation, and the other for class room and lecture purposes. A short course of six weeks must be offered during the winter along a prescribed line, for the benefit of the farming population.

If there are students in or about Brainerd who would avail themselves of such a department, it would appear obvious that steps ought to be taken to obtain one for this city.

The school board has had the matter under serious consideration for more than a year, but the question of room at the high school building has had to be taken into account, as all rooms at the high school building, including five basement rooms, are in daily use. The matter should receive thorough discussion in order to

find out just what the real sentiment is both in the city and in the surrounding territory.

The school operetta, "Princess Chrysanthemum" will be given at the opera house on Thursday evening of this week.

The students of the high school have been patiently working under the direction of Miss Harrison to make this entertainment a success.

Teachers in both high school and grades are working together to secure a capacity house and as the program will be worth while and the proceeds devoted to a worthy cause, we hope the attendance will be all that could be desired.

The commercial department stands ready to send out its more advanced students to do free practice work in stenography, typewriting or general office work whenever it may receive calls.

A few such calls have come in during the month, but not so many as Mr. Kefgen would be glad to meet. Don't hesitate to telephone to the high school if you want a young man or woman sent down for some extra work in your office. They will try to make themselves useful and it may help both you and them.

Since the arrival of the new library books for the grades the teachers have inaugurated a new and what seems to be a very sensible plan of encouraging the use of reading books.

The teacher selects the books suitable to her grade and without waiting for a pupil to call for a book she gives out a book that seems suited to particular pupils' needs.

The schools could use to advantage many more books than they have but the teachers are trying to make a few books do good service.

A well selected list of library books has been ordered for the normal training department and will arrive in a few days.

These books are paid for out of the state funds for training departments and already a considerable start towards a library has been made.

The high school class in agriculture, under Mr. Hicks, is trying to work up an interest in the practical side of the subject and will do some experimenting in seed testing and other useful lines.

A corn tester is in process of construction at the present time.

The Teachers Retirement bill is now before the Minnesota legislature. Organizations that believe in the measure can assist in the matter by adopting resolutions similar to the resolutions adopted by the Brainerd board of education or the Ladies Musical club of the city.

Minnesota has five normal schools and will soon have six, educating teachers at considerable expense.

"Minnesota trained teachers" are in great demand in other states as every city of importance in the state is rapidly coming to realize.

Brainerd has lost many desirable teachers in recent years because of the salary inducements of neighboring states. The Retirement bill is intended to make it an inducement to remain in Minnesota.

The consolidated report of the city school for the month of January follows:

Enrolled to date in grades,	
boys 791, girls 774	1,565
Enrolled to date in high school, boys 87, girls 187	274
Enrolled in H. S. and grades	1,839
New entries for month	26
Cases tardy for month	104
Cases tardiness of teachers	4
Per cent. attendance	97
Days lost by teachers (substitutes)	4
No. cases physical punishment	8
No. cases truancy (reported)	0
No. fire drills	9
No. general teachers' meetings	2
Meeting of principals	1
Meeting of special gr. teachers	1

REPORT BY BUILDINGS

Harrison—Miss Caniff, enrollment 329, attendance 98.1, tardy 16.
Washington (grades)—Miss Scott, enrollment 242, attendance 97.7, tardy 11.
Whittier—Miss Barrett, enrollment 235, attendance 97.5, tardy 4.
Lincoln—Miss Case, enrollment 441, attendance 96.1, tardy 45.
Lowell—Miss Greer, enrollment 318, attendance 95.6, tardy 16.
H. S. Dept.—R. R. Dennison, enrollment 274, attendance 99.4, tardy 12.

Normal Training—Miss Kruger, enrollment 12, attendance 99, tardy 0.

Grade Teacher	Att Tardy
H. S., Mr. Dennison, Prin.	99.4
4th, Louise Anderson	99.27
6 & 7, Irene Lowey	99.2
5 & 6, Nora J. Smith	99.19
6, Clara D. Erickson	99.11
5 & 6, Anne M. Erickson	99.11
Lowel: ungraded Norm. dept	99
Normal, Miss Kruger	99
5, Clara E. Case	98.8
8, Winnifred Reardon	98.6

3 & 4, Esther E. Kastner	98.3	0
4 & 5, Amy Freberg	98.3	2
4, Ellen Forsberg	98.2	5
Mixed, Mary A. Scott	98.1	1
5, Laura V. Haslip	97.97	0
7, Elizabeth Walsh	97.8	4
2 & 3, Mrs. McKay	97.7	0
2 & 3, Hannah Redy	97.67	3
3 & 4, Elizabeth Somers	97.63	1
7, M. B. Saunders	97.5	0
8, Laura Donaldson	97.43	1
6, C. McDougall	97.3	0
7, Fleda Canniff	97.28	0
1st, Claire M. Barker	97.13	3
1 & 2, Marguerite Knight	97.11	5
4, Edna Baker	97.1	0
6, Mabel P. Venoss	97.04	0
1 & 2, Zaida Price	96.9	5
1 & 2, Katherine Cosgrove	96.88	5
3, Mabel Early	96.8	5
8, Louise Barrett	96.7	0
5 & 6, Ellen Willis	96.4	4
2 & 3, Anna Anderson	96.4	4
5, Sara Irwin	95.9	4
6 & 7, Willetta Bryant	95.75	3
1st, Mary L. Small	95.55	3
2 & 3, Florence Schrader	95.5	0
1st, Margaret Somers	95.4	3
2 & 3, Bess Mulrine	95.2	0
6 & 7, Julia Wahl	95.09	1
7 & 8, Hannah M. Greer	94.6	2
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EMPRESS THEATRE

Attractions Extraordinary this Week

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 10

The Dainty Dramatic Star
MABEL TALIFERRO
in The Sweet Story

"The Three of Us"

A picturization of the play of the same name.

Five Reels Five Reels

FRIDAY, FEB. 12th

One and one-half hours of screams and laughter. The big gest and funniest photo play ever filmed.

"Tillie's Punctured Romance"

A Six Reel Keystone Comedy

Featuring

Marie Dressler

America's Premier Comedienne

Charlie Chaplin

The funniest comedian in Motion pictures and

Mabel Normand

Ascream from start to finish. Don't miss it or you will regret it.

Matines at 2:30 P. M.

Six Reels—FRIDAY—Six Reels

These two features are attractions of special merit and are the highest priced photoplays ever exhibited in this city.

Not a dull moment. Plays that will PLEASE YOU.

Coming Next Week

ROBERT WARWICK

—in—

"The Dollar Mark"

Five Reels, Wed. Feb. 17

Return Engagement of

OLGA PETROVA in

"THE TRIGRESS"

The most tense and dramatic photoplay ever exhibited in the city.

Five Reels FRIDAY, FEB. 19.

YES, SHE DID KNOW.

And Proved It to Her Critical Old Singing Master.

Many years ago, in an old French church in Berne, a great choir under the famous old leader, Father Reichel, was having its final rehearsal for the production of the "Messiah." The chorus had triumphantly sung through to the place where the soprano solo takes up the refrain, "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth." The singer was a beautiful woman, whose voice had been faultlessly trained. As the tones came out high and clear the listeners were filled with wonder at her perfect technique. Her breathing was faultless, her note placing perfect, her enunciation beyond criticism.

After the final note there was a pause, and all eyes were turned toward the old conductor to catch his look of approval. Great was the surprise, however, when a sharp rap of the baton was heard, as a command for the orchestra to pause, and with a look of sorrow Father Reichel said to the singer, "My daughter, you do not really know that your Redeemer liveth, do you?"

With a flushed face she replied, "Why, yes, I think I do."

"Then sing it," he cried. "Sing it from your heart. Tell it to me so I and all who hear you will know and know that you know the joy and power of it." Then with an imperious gesture he motioned for the orchestra to go over it again.

This time the young woman sang with no thought of herself or of technique and applause from her hearers

She sang the truth that she knew to her heart and experienced in her life and that she wished to send home to the hearts of the listeners. As the last notes died away there was no wonder at the craftsman's work, but there were quickened hearts that had been moved by the glorious message they had received. As the singer stood forgetful of applause, the old master stepped up and with tears in his eyes kissed her on the forehead and said, "You do know, for you have told me." —Exchange.

Ancient Concrete.

That the Romans were very familiar with concrete and gave consideration to its use examination of the concrete work in the forum clearly shows. Their concrete contained generally only two kinds of stone, travertine and sciele. In equal parts. Sciele is a hard, closely knit rock, very similar to our bluestone or trap rock in color as well as quality. Travertine is a volcanic rock not so hard as sciele, considerably lighter in color, and was desirable on account of its porosity, which insured a good bond with the cement. In all the Roman work the combination of the travertine and the sciele is clearly distinguishable.

His Mean Comment.

Wife (reading)—Here's the advertisement of a matrimonial agency offering to supply any man with a wife for a dollar. Husband—Oh, of course! It costs less to get into trouble than it does to get out again.

Empress Theatre

THE HOUSE OF REAL FEATURES

TODAY ONLY TODAY

"The Painted Lady's Child"

A Two Reel Drama

"A Yellow Stone Honeymoon"

A Tanhouser Comedy Drama

"Another Chance"

Camajestic Drama

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Month.....Forty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance Four Dollars

Office in Dispatch Building on 6th St.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1915.

HOW THE STATE SAVES MONEY

Nearly 1,000 Persons Designated as Aliens, Majority of them Insane, Have Been Deported

Since the state board of control was established nearly 1,000 persons designated as aliens and therefore not legal wards of the state have been deported from Minnesota. The majority of them represented insane charges and were either turned over to other states or their adoption or to foreign countries where they belonged.

The mere fact that 1,000 possible state charges or undesirables were returned to other states and foreign countries obligated to care for them possibly does not convey much, but it becomes of interest to the taxpayers at large when it is known that the deportation of these 1,000 persons represents a saving of close to \$1,000,000 to Minnesota.

Had the board of control deportation department not biased itself with these aliens and undesirables, Minnesota would now be laboring under the burden of another insane hospital or asylum. The capacity of the present institutions devoted to the state's insane is between 800 and 1,200 each, and as the most of them are now caring for the maximum figure another hospital or asylum to care for those unfortunates would have been absolutely necessary.

Statisticians and experts estimate the institution life of the average insane person at five years, and as his keep has been figured at \$200 a year, the saving of \$1,000,000 to the taxpayers of the state is easily figured. The books of the state board of control covering cost of maintenance and keep of inmates show that this amount is approximately correct.

Unlike most states which apportion either all or a part of the expense of their insane to the several counties from which the unfortunates are committed, Minnesota pays the entire bill out of its strong box, and as a result many not legally state charges find their way into the state insane hospitals and asylums. They are aliens who have wandered into the state or while temporarily residents become mentally deranged. The ferreting out of these aliens and the location of their legal residence is the work of the board's deportation department.

To locate such aliens is easy, but the finding of their legal residence is the difficult task, and the search often requires months of labor. Either devoid of memory or so affected as to be incapable of speech, every known means must be resorted to to secure information, and often it is so meagre that months must pass before even a clue is obtained.

One recent example was the mysterious case of "J. R.," picked up in a county in the southern part of the state and sent to the Rochester hospital. He had wandered into the state and either through accident or assault had lost all knowledge of himself. The initials "J. R." were secured from the man himself, but outside of that the hospital authorities could not learn anything. Finally after weeks of searching and patience his mother was located in an Eastern city and the patient turned over to her.

Another case was an unknown sent from an upstate county. No amount of questioning could induce any information whatever and the hospital authorities were preparing to accept him as a permanent charge. In a search of his clothes a small slip of pink paper evidently torn from a newspaper and bearing the printed letters "AGO" was found and this was turned over to the deportation department of the board of control. Two of the letters showed a punch mark, and for a week the deportation officials searched the news depots for Chicago papers with the letters "GO" showing this punch mark. It was found and the date of the issue noted. Then followed weeks of trying to induce the man to tell his name. Finally one day the mentioning of a name in front of him brought a grunt of approval but no address was forthcoming. Without delay a letter was addressed to every person in Chicago bearing the name, and finally to the surprise of the deportation officials, an answer was received from one of the recipients telling of a friend who had lost her brother and saying that the description given tallied with the missing man. Three days later the man was

restored to his sister and the family placed in possession of a tract of land, the location of which he had lost. Added to all this the state was saved the cost of his keep.

The two instances related are only a small part of scores of similar cases and are not confined to the insane hospitals altogether. The deportation system as put into effect by the board even extends to the reformatory and state prison. Here aliens are often confined and if their crime or the possibility of their becoming a charge merits it the mother country or state is compelled to accept them at the completion of their sentence.

Foreign countries furnish the majority of the aliens deported and the aid of the federal government is invoked in securing their return. Last year the state was relieved of the care and support of over 150 aliens, all of them insane charges.

The weeding out of these illegal charges is the work of the deportation department, and that its labors have not been without benefit to the state is shown in the big saving mentioned. That the department has done good work is indicated in the deportation figures given prior to the creation of the state board of control, when altogether only 212 deportations were listed. They covered the period from the organization of the state to 1901, the year in which the board was created.

THE SEX OF THE INSANE

Of approximately every five hundred persons in the United States in 1910, there was one an inmate of an asylum. The exact figures expressed in a recent report of the census bureau, state that in a typical community of 200,000 persons, equally divided as to sex, 208 of the males and 200 of the females would be found in the insane asylums. In the course of a year, 72 males and 60 females would be admitted to the asylums. In 1880 the total number of inmates in insane asylums in the United States included 20,635 males and 20,307 females. Thirty years later the number of male inmates had increased to 98,695, and the number of female inmates to 80,096. The excess of men among admissions in 1910 indicated a still further increase in the proportion, namely, 128 males to 100 females. An analysis of these admissions as to the specific forms of insanity involved brings to light the interesting fact that if alcoholic psychosis and general paralysis are deducted, the proportion of the sexes is practically the same. The diseases mentioned, says The Journal of the American Medical Association, would seem to be those which, generally, are the result of dissipation. Alcohol and syphilis again established their superiority as man's most dangerous allied foes.

CHASING THE RAINBOW.

Curious Legends That Are Told In Different Countries.

We have all of us heard stories of the treasure at the end of the rainbow. There is a pot of gold there, you know. And if we could only walk far enough, run fast enough, we might find it and be ever thereafter happy.

That is what our nurses tell us when we are children, isn't it?

And sometimes we learn that the rainbow is a bridge, and the thunder is the roar of the heavy wheels going over it.

These are the stories that we hear in childhood about the rainbow. Children of other lands hear many other stories.

In Greece nurses tell the children that if any one by chance stumbled over the end of the rainbow his or her sex is changed. A fine story that to tell a child! The little Greeks must run away from the ends of the rainbow instead of seeking them to find our pot of gold.

The little Turk hears from his nurse that if he can but touch the band of orange that spans the heavens in the rainbow his head will turn to silver with rubies for eyes and teeth of gold.

In many parts of Russia the rainbow is called a pump, and in Hungary it is called "God's pump" and "Noah's pump."

In Russia, in some provinces, the wells are covered with strong plat forms, so that the water cannot be drawn from them by the rainbow, and in other provinces it is said that three angels have charge of the rainbow—one to draw water through it from the earth, another to give water from it to the clouds and another to return the water to the earth in the form of rain.

—Boston Herald.

Allspice is so called because it represents the flavors of cinnamon, nutmegs and cloves.

ward for any cases of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING, KINNAI & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Prices, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

WHEN WAR COMES

How the Nations Sever Their Diplomatic Relations.

PASSPORTS TO AMBASSADORS

The Formal Etiquette That Governs This Ceremony and the Issuance of Safe Conduct Papers—Hurry and Confusion of Enforced Departure.

"The ambassador has been presented with his passports and has left the country."

Behind this curt formula, which indicates the departure of an ambassador from the country to which he is accredited on the rupture of diplomatic relations, lies a picturesque, significant proceeding with which few of the public can be conversant.

When a foreign country declares war it is usual for its representative formally to present this declaration, the terms of which are received by wire from the foreign minister, under whose orders he acts, and then to ask for his passport, or safe conduct papers, which are furnished him by the foreign office of the nation whose honored guest he has been. On the other hand, if the initiative is taken by the country to which he is accredited his passport is sent to him by special messenger.

An ambassador is the personal representative of his sovereign, and the responsibility rests with the country among whose people he has been staying to insure him a safe passage out of its boundaries.

If the ambassador has held his position long and is on terms of great cordiality with the foreign minister he generally calls to express his sorrow at the unfortunate turn of events and to take a friendly farewell; and occasions have been known when such leave taking has been of the most painful character and associated with tears.

A diplomat is not generally considered an emotional character, but human nature sometimes will break through even the bounds of iron restraint, and on a delicate occasion, like an ambassador's recall, the final parting scene with a minister whom he has probably grown both to love and admire, is of a most affecting description.

When an envoy completes his term of appointment in times of peace, it is customary for him to have a farewell audience of the monarch, when there is a delightful exchange of compliments, but this ceremony is dispensed with when his recall either means war or is a prelude to war. He forfeits then all the official courtesies due to an ambassador, and the handing him of his passports and the insuring of his safe passage out of the country finish his connection officially with the nation.

The time in which an ambassador is allowed to make his preparations for departure depends to some extent on his own convenience and the temper of the nation with which his own nation is at war. Twenty-four to forty-eight hours may be taken as the period which elapses between his recall and his departure, and his safety meanwhile is secured by precautions taken by the civil authorities. During this time papers of importance, which have not already been delivered into the hands of his government, are destroyed to prevent them miscarrying during the journey home, or because it is deemed more prudent that they should be consigned to the flames rather than be taken away.

Although all the messages from his country to an ambassador are in code, it is hardly necessary to say that if sufficient time be allowed to study a document in code it can easily be translated; hence the advisability of these extreme precautions.

The departing envoy arranges with the representative of a neutral power to take over such duties as are transferable and then, with the officials of the embassy and the members of his family, entrains in a special train placed at his disposal by the government whose country he is quitting. At the port of embarkation a special vessel to convey him and his staff is also provided.

It is not absolutely necessary for him to take his wife and family with him, but this is usually done, for it is found they prefer to make the journey homeward at the same time, not only for company's sake, but because the temper of the people might make any delay imprudent.

Before he leaves he usually sends autograph letters of farewell to intimate friends and letters acknowledging the courtesy shown him by foreign office officials. The removal from the embassy of the arms of his country, the flag and the official name plate are external signs of an ambassador's enforced departure.

It can be imagined what a miserable business it is for an envoy of a foreign country abruptly to bring his mission to an end, to the sound, as it were, of guns, and for him to contrast the hearty welcome of his arrival with the unpleasant and menacing looks on his departure.

However well he may be prepared in advance for quitting the country by sending his personal luggage and papers in advance, it is in a state of confusion at the end that he leaves, so hurriedly has he to complete his arrangements, and, brave man though he may be, he must always have some anxieties as to the safety of these near and dear to him until he is well out of the country.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

He's true to God who's true to man.—J. R. Lowell.

The First Postage Stamp.
The black penny postage stamp of 1840, the first stamp ever issued, was distinctly unpopular and gave place to a red one after a year's existence. Great Britain was the first country in the world to use postage stamps, and the English schoolboy of the period seems to have regarded them as a nuisance rather than a national benefit. "Have you tried the stamps yet?" wrote one of them to his sister in the year 1840. "I think they are very absurd and troublesome. I don't fancy making my mouth a glue pot, although, to be sure, you have the satisfaction of kissing the back of her gracious majesty the queen."—London Tit-Bits.

Ypres in England.

We have the name of Ypres in England—in that of the Ypres tower at Rye, in Sussex, though local talk knows nothing of its proper pronunciation and broadly calls it the "Wipers tower." It is a twelfth century building, the oldest secular building of all the Cinque ports, and was at one time the only stronghold of the town, though later walls and gates were built. The reason for its name is to be found in the commonly accepted statement that it was built by William des Ypres, earl of Kent.—London Globe.

"Is It Possible?"

Prince George of Denmark was nicknamed Est-il possible by James II. It is said that when the startling events of the revolution of 1688 succeeded one another with breathless rapidity the emotions of Prince George found vent in the repeated exclamation, "Est-il possible?" King James, enumerating those who had forsaken him, said, "And Est-il possible has gone too!"

A Lamblike Lion.

"Well, did you have that social lion at your reception that you were telling me about?"
"Oh, yes. He was there."
"And did he roar?"
"No. His wife was also present, and he could only bleat."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Meek Reproach.

Lady (who has given tramp a plate of scraps)—You must feel the humiliation of begging for food. Tramp—It's not that so much, mem. What hurts me is that I'm depriving the pore incontinent fowls of a feed.—London Telegraph.

Certificate of Amendment of Articles of Incorporation of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.

We, F. A. Farrar, as President, and Edmund Ingalls, as Secretary, of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company, do hereby certify that at a special meeting of the stockholders of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company duly held in Duluth, Minnesota, on the 23rd day of January, 1915, at 8:30 o'clock P. M., pursuant to due notice given for the purpose of amending its articles of incorporation at which meeting the stockholders holding 18623 shares were present in person, and represented by proxy, the same being a majority in number and amount of the shares of stock of said corporation entitled to vote, the following resolution was unanimously adopted, to-wit:

"Resolved by the stockholders of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company that Article V of the Articles of Incorporation of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"ARTICLE V.
"The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be Two Hundred thousand and no/100 (\$200,000.00) Dollars, which shall be paid in in money or property, or services or any or other of them, at such times and in such manner as the Board of Directors may determine and the value of such property and services shall be conclusively determined by the Board of Directors.

The number of shares in which said capital stock shall be divided is Fifty thousand (40,000), and the par value of each share is Five and no/100 (\$5.00) Dollars.

Resolved further that the President or the Vice-President and the Secretary of this company be and they hereby are authorized and directed to make, execute and acknowledge a certificate under the corporate seal of this Company embracing this and the foregoing resolution, and certify the same to be filed, recorded and published, in the manner required by law."

In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our hands as aforesaid and the Secretary of the said Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company has caused its corporate seal to be hereunto affixed this 29th day of January, 1915.

F. A. FARRAR,
President of Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company.
(Corporate Seal)
EDMOND INGALLS,
Secretary of Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company.

In Presence of
F. J. PULFORD,
ANTONYETTE BIRD,
I. R. stamps, 10 cents, cancelled 1-29-15.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.

F. A. Farrar and Edmund Ingalls being first duly sworn depose and say each for himself, that said F. A. Farrar is President, and said Edmund Ingalls is Secretary of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company; that the seal affixed to the foregoing instrument is a corporate seal of said corporation, and that he has read the foregoing certificate and knows the contents thereof. That the same is true. That the said instrument was executed in behalf of said corporation by authority of its stockholders, and the said F. A. Farrar and Edmund Ingalls duly acknowledged said instrument to be the free act and deed of said corporation.

F. A. FARRAR, EDMOND INGALLS,
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 29th day of January, 1915.

C. E. TROMMELD,
Notary Public, St. Louis, County, Minn.
My commission expires Sept. 23, 1920.

State of Minnesota, Department of State.
I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1915, at 9 o'clock A. M., and was duly recorded in Book Z-2 of Incorporations, on page 453.

JULIUS A. SCHMAEL,
Secretary of State.
No. 54823.

State of Minnesota, County of Crow Wing, ss.
I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1915, at 9 o'clock A. M., and recorded in Book O of Misc., on page 248.

A. G. TROMMELD,
Register of Deeds.
Publish Feb. 8-9-1915.

DODGE BROTHERS
MOTOR CAR

will be shown in this city for the first time Tuesday Afternoon at 2:30, at the local Sales Room, 309 So. 6th. St.

E. R. SMITH AUTO CO.

Convinced.

"What do you know about the constitution? I'll bet you can't repeat the opening clause."

"I can too: 'We, the people of the United States, being of sound mind and disposing will'—"

"That will do," interrupted the other man. "I didn't think you knew it, old top."—Puck.

Pleasure at Death.

A wise man shall not be deprived of pleasure even when death shall summon him, forasmuch as he has attained the delightful end of the best life, departing like a guest full and well satisfied. Having received life upon trust, and duly discharged that office, he acquits himself at departing.—Epictetus.

In the Wrong Place.

Little Kitty had fallen down and cut her knee. Her mother promptly rendered first aid; but, as it was rather dark and she could not see the wound properly, she consequently placed the bandage rather too low. "Oh, nummie," complained the child, "this bandage is not in the right place! I fell down higher up!"



**Peerless—
It's a Brick**
Lay in a Lot of it

You could smoke or chew PEERLESS by the hodful and you'd never get enough—it's so mellow and rich and pleasing. Lay in a supply of it today. Keep some at home and some on the job, and it will hold you steady as a spirit-level trues a wall.

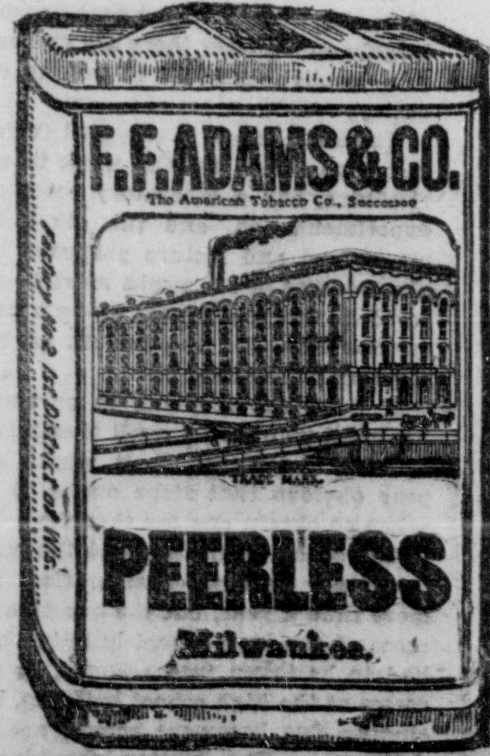
PEERLESS
Long Cut Tobacco

is the one perfect tobacco for the sturdy man who likes his tobacco rich, full-bodied and satisfying. Made of pure Southern Kentucky leaf, aged carefully for three to five years so as to bring out all its natural flavor and sweetness. This is what makes PEERLESS always the same. It doesn't depend upon one season's crop, like many tobaccos. We have several seasons' crops always stored away.

And that's why a PEERLESS user never bothers experimenting with other brands. He knows the old reliable PEERLESS never varies—it's the one tobacco that always satisfies him. Take PEERLESS on the job for a week's try-out—after that you'll always carry PEERLESS in your jeans. Sold everywhere in 5c packages.

Other sizes, 10c, 20c and 40c Packages, and 40c Tin Packs.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY



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WHEN WAR COMES

How the Nations Seyer Their Diplomatic Relations.

PASSPORTS TO AMBASSADORS

The Formal Etiquette That Governs This Ceremony and the Issuance of Safe Conduct Papers—Hurry and Confusion of Enforced Departure.

"The ambassador has been presented with his passports and has left the country."

Behind this curt formula, which indicates the departure of an ambassador from the country to which he is accredited on the rupture of diplomatic relations, lies a picturesque, significant proceeding with which few of the public can be conversant.

When a foreign country declares war it is usual for its representative formally to present this declaration, the terms of which are received by wire from the foreign minister, under whose orders he acts, and then to ask for his passport, or safe conduct papers, which are furnished him by the foreign office of the nation whose honored guest he has been. On the other hand, if the initiative is taken by the country to which he is accredited his passport is sent to him by special messenger.

An ambassador is the personal representative of his sovereign, and the responsibility rests with the country among whose people he has been staying to insure him a safe passage out of its boundaries.

If the ambassador has held his position long and is on terms of great cordiality with the foreign minister he generally calls to express his sorrow at the unfortunate turn of events and to take a friendly farewell; and occasions have been known when such leave taking has been of the most painful character and associated with tears.

A diplomat is not generally considered an emotional character, but human nature sometimes will break through even the bounds of iron restraint, and on a delicate occasion, like an ambassador's recall, the final parting scene with a minister whom he has probably grown both to love and admire, is of a most affecting description.

When an envoy completes his term of appointment in times of peace, it is customary for him to have a farewell audience of the monarch, when there is a delightful exchange of compliments, but this ceremony is dispensed with when his recall either means war or is a prelude to war. He forfeits then all the official courtesies due to an ambassador, and the handing him of his passports and the insuring of his safe passage out of the country finish his connection officially with the nation.

The time in which an ambassador is allowed to make his preparations for departure depends to some extent on his own convenience and the temper of the nation with which his own nation is at war. Twenty-four to forty-eight hours may be taken as the period which elapses between his recall and his departure, and his safety meanwhile is secured by precautions taken by the civil authorities. During this time papers of importance, which have not already been delivered into the hands of his government, are destroyed to prevent them miscarrying during the journey home, or because it is deemed more prudent that they should be consigned to the flames rather than be taken away.

Although all the messages from his country to an ambassador are in code, it is hardly necessary to say that if sufficient time be allowed to study a document in code it can easily be translated; hence the advisability of these extreme precautions.

The departing envoy arranges with the representative of a neutral power to take over such duties as are transferable and then, with the officials of the embassy and the members of his family, entrains in a special train placed at his disposal by the government whose country he is quitting. At the port of embarkation a special vessel to convey him and his staff is also provided.

It is not absolutely necessary for him to take his wife and family with him, but this is usually done, for it is found they prefer to make the journey homeward at the same time, not only for company's sake, but because the temper of the people might make any delay imprudent.

Before he leaves he usually sends autograph letters of farewell to intimate friends and letters acknowledging the courtesies shown him by foreign office officials. The removal from the embassy of the arms of his country, the flag and the official name plate are external signs of an ambassador's enforced departure.

It can be imagined what a miserable business it is for an envoy of a foreign country abruptly to bring his mission to an end, to the sound, as it were, of guns, and for him to contrast the hearty welcome of his arrival with the unpleasant and menacing looks on his departure.

However well he may be prepared in advance for quitting the country by sending his personal luggage and papers in advance, it is in a state of confusion at the end that he leaves, so hurriedly has he to complete his arrangements, and, brave man though he may be, he must always have some anxieties as to the safety of those near and dear to him until he is well out of the country.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

He's true to God who's true to man.—J. R. Lowell.

The First Postage Stamp.
The black penny postage stamp of 1840, the first stamp ever issued, was distinctly unpopular and gave place to a red one after a year's existence. Great Britain was the first country in the world to use postage stamps, and the English schoolboy of the period seems to have regarded them as a nuisance rather than a national benefit. "Have you tried the stamps yet?" wrote one of them to his sister in the year 1840. "I think they are very absurd and troublesome. I don't fancy making my mouth a glue pot, although, to be sure, you have the satisfaction of kissing the back of her gracious majesty the queen."—London Tit-Bits.

Ypres In England.

We have the name of Ypres in England—in that of the Ypres tower at Rye, in Sussex, though local talk knows nothing of its proper pronunciation and broadly calls it the "Wipers tower." It is a twelfth century building, the oldest secular building of all the Cinque ports, and was at one time the only stronghold of the town, though later walls and gates were built. The reason for its name is to be found in the commonly accepted statement that it was built by William des Ypres earl of Kent.—London Globe.

"Is It Possible?"

Prince George of Denmark was nicknamed Est-il possible by James II. It is said that when the startling events of the revolution of 1688 succeeded one another with breathless rapidity the emotions of Prince George found vent in the repeated exclamation, "Est-il possible?" King James, enumerating those who had forsaken him, said, "And Est-il possible has gone too!"

A Lamblike Lion.

"Well, did you have that social lion at your reception that you were telling me about?"

"Oh, yes. He was there."

"And did he roar?"

"No. His wife was also present, and he could only bleat."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Meek Reproach.

Lady (who has given tramp a plate of scraps)—You must feel the humiliation of begging for food. Tramp—it's not that so much, mem. What hurts me is that I'm depriving the pore incontinent fowls of a feed.—London Telegraph.

Certificate of Amendment of Articles of Incorporation of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.
We, F. A. Farrar, as President, and Edmund Ingalls, as Secretary, of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company, do hereby certify that at a special meeting of the stockholders of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company duly held in Duluth, Minnesota, on the 27th day of January, 1915, at 8:30 o'clock P. M., pursuant to due notice given for the purpose of amending its articles of incorporation and with meeting the stockholders holding 18623 shares were present in person, and represented by proxy, the same being a majority in number and amount of the shares of stock of said corporation entitled to vote, the following resolution was unanimously adopted, to-wit:

"Resolved by the stockholders of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company that Article V of the Articles of Incorporation of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"ARTICLE V.
"The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be Two Hundred Thousand and no-100 (\$200,000.00) Dollars, which shall be paid in in money of property, or services or any or either of them, at such times and in such manner as the Board of Directors may determine and the value of such property and services shall be conclusively determined by the Board of Directors.

"The number of shares in which said capital stock shall be divided is Forty thousand (\$40,000), and the par value of each share is Five and no-100 (\$5.00) Dollars.

"Resolved further that the President or the Vice-President and the Secretary of this company be and they hereby are authorized and directed to make execute and deliver a certificate under the corporate seal of this company embodying this and the foregoing resolution, and cause such certificate to be filed, recorded and published, in the manner required by law."

In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our hands as aforesaid and the Secretary of the said Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company has caused its corporate seal to be hereunto affixed this 29th day of January, 1915.

F. A. FARRAR,
President of Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company.
(Corporate Seal)
EDMUND INGALLS,
Secretary of Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company.

In Presence of
F. J. PULFORD,
ANTOINETTE BIRD,
L. R. stamps, 10 cents, canceled 1-29-15.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.

F. A. Farrar and Edmund Ingalls being first duly sworn depose and say each for himself, that said F. A. Farrar is President, and said Edmund Ingalls is Secretary of the Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company; that the seal affixed to the foregoing instrument is a corporate seal of said corporation, and that he has read the foregoing certificate and knows the contents thereof. That the same is true. That the said instrument was executed in behalf of said corporation by authority of its stockholders, and the said F. A. Farrar and Edmund Ingalls duly acknowledged the same to be the free act and deed of said corporation.

F. A. FARRAR,
EDMUND INGALLS,
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 29th day of January, 1915.

F. J. PULFORD,
Notary Public, St. Louis.
(Notarial Seal of said County, Minn.)
My commission expires Sept. 23, 1920.

State of Minnesota, Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 1st day of Feb-1915. A. D. 1915, at 9 o'clock A. M., and was duly recorded in Book Z-3 of Incorporations, on page 153.

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.
No. 54822.

State of Minnesota, County of Crow Wing, ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record this 4th day of February, A. D. 1915, at 3 o'clock A. M., and recorded in Book O of Misc., on page 248.

A. G. TROMMALD,
Register of Deeds.
Publish Feb. 8-9-1915.

DODGE BROTHERS
MOTOR CAR

will be shown in this city for the first time Tuesday Afternoon at 2:30, at the local Sales Room, 309 So. 6th. St.

E. R. SMITH AUTO CO.

<p>Convinced. "What do you know about the constitution? I'll bet you can't repeat the opening clause." "I can too: 'We, the people of the United States, being of sound mind and disposing will'!" "That will do," interrupted the other man. "I didn't think you knew it, old top."—Puck.</p>	<p>Pleasure at Death. A wise man shall not be deprived of pleasure even when death shall summon him, forasmuch as he has attained the delightful end of the best life, departing like a guest full and well satisfied. Having received life upon trust, and duly discharged that office, he acquiesces himself at departing.—Epictetus.</p>	<p>In the Wrong Place. Little Kitty had fallen down and cut her knee. Her mother promptly rendered first aid; but, as it was rather dark and she could not see the wound properly, she consequently placed the bandage rather too low. "Oh, nummie," complained the child, "this bandage is not in the right place! I fell down higher up!"</p>
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Peerless—
It's a Brick
Lay in a Lot of it

You could smoke or chew PEERLESS by the hodful and you'd never get enough—it's so mellow and rich and pleasing. Lay in a supply of it today. Keep some at home and some on the job, and it will hold you steady as a spirit-level trues a wall.

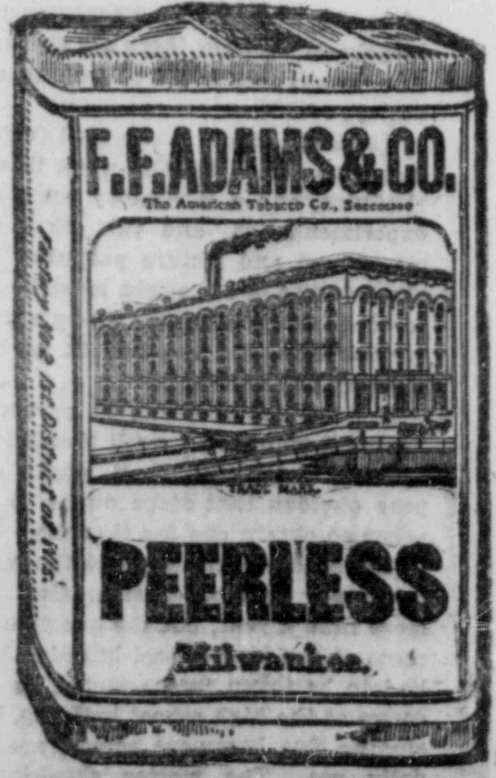
PEERLESS
Long Cut Tobacco

is the one perfect tobacco for the sturdy man who likes his tobacco rich, full-bodied and satisfying. Made of pure Southern Kentucky leaf, aged carefully for three to five years so as to bring out all its natural flavor and sweetness. This is what makes PEERLESS always the same: It doesn't depend upon one season's crop, like many tobaccos. We have several seasons' crops always stored away.

And that's why a PEERLESS user never bothers experimenting with other brands. He knows the old reliable PEERLESS never varies—it's the one tobacco that always satisfies him. Take PEERLESS on the job for a week's try-out—after that you'll always carry PEERLESS in your jeans. Sold everywhere in 5c packages.

Other sizes, 10c, 20c and 40c Packages, and 40c Tin Pails.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY



ALBANIAN MISSION PLANS THWARTED

Interview with Rev. C. T. Erickson,
Head of the Mission, Who
Visited in Brainerd

WAR KILLED MISSION WORK

Rev. Erickson Gives Glimpses of the
Havoc He is Seeing in
European Countries

Last year the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions sent a number of prominent missionaries to Brainerd and they gave addresses on Albanian mission work in the Gardner auditorium and men and women of many churches of Brainerd attended the meeting. It was also proposed to establish a great hospital in Albania, which was also to be given schools and churches, assisted by the work of American people.

When the war broke out the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions was on the point of reopening and greatly enlarging its institutions in Albania. Rev. C. T. Erickson, the head of the mission, was already in Switzerland on his way to his field. His entrance into Albania was impossible for a time and has been impracticable since. A letter from him gives side glimpses of the havoc he is seeing and of the swift interruption of mission plans. Mr. Erickson writes from Rome. He says:

"A few days ago I met a German friend who has been all his life in business in Calcutta. His business is ruined; his brother whom he left in charge while he took a vacation is in a concentration camp at Ahmednagar. Our English nurse, who is to be head of our training school for nurses in Albania, writes us that her family's business is completely ruined, being exclusively concerned with Germany and Austria. Here in Rome is a typical family: Mother, English; father, German; of three daughters, two are married to Germans and one to a Belgian, and all three husbands have been called to their colors. While I was in Geneva there was at the Y. M. C. A. a prayer meeting attended by English, German, Austrian and French. They knelt together, prayed together and wept together, shook hands, commended each other to God's keeping

and went out to fight each other with bullets and bayonets.

"At a quiet retreat up in the Carpathian mountains, close to the boundary lines of Germany, Austria and Russia, I attended a student conference during the second week of August. One young man, son of a Jewish mother and infidel father, went out from the morning meeting into the woods and did not return until evening, when he came home with radiant face. That evening, at the close of the address, I invited to my room any who wished to dedicate themselves to foreign mission work. Nine of the choicest young people responded. It was a never-to-be-forgotten hour that we spent together.

"I saw visions of a new era for the student life and the Protestant Christian life of Austria-Hungary and of our Albanian mission. For the Protestant leaders in Vienna a few days before had formally adopted Albania as their mission field, to be worked jointly with our American board and under its direction and control; and here were the recruits already offering themselves for the field. Teachers, preachers and evangelists, nurses kindergarten—a complete working outfit for a strong, aggressive mission presented itself that night.

"Two weeks later almost every one of the young men in the group and of the conference at large, twenty-seven altogether, were called to sacrifice themselves to this 'God of war' instead."

IN SOBER MOOD

Man in Moon Will not be Full this
Month, First Time Since Year of
1846 That it Happened

For the first time in sixty-nine years, say the astronomers and almanac makers, February will be without a full moon. February is the only month in which such a phenomenon can happen, and the last time such a happening occurred was in February, 1846.

The explanation, according to astronomers, is as follows: Full moons follow each other at about 29 and 1/2 days. It happens occasionally that February's 28 days come between two full moons. To make up for this lack on the part of February this year there were two full moons in January and there will be two in March. The moon, accordingly, may be in sober mood in February, but will make up for it in March.

DISPATCH ADS PAY

Silk Dress Patterns \$4.95

See Them In Our Windows

A window full of them. Pretty foulard patterns. Pretty striped messalines. Ten yards in each pattern. Every yard new. These are \$6.50 and \$7.50 patterns. During sewing week, your choice, 10 yards. **\$4.95**

36 in. Black Messaline 75c

Special During Sewing Week

Not a 75c quality but one worth \$1.00. Is a beautiful quality for making petticoats as well as waists and dresses. This is but one of the very good silk bargains we offer. 36 inch black messaline. **75c**

Sewing Week--A splendid event

Our new fabrics are now in and ready for you right now when you want to use them. We shall make a display of them this week. Visit our store and see them. You will be greatly helped in your planning—and you will know what is new and good in silks, dress goods and wash fabrics. Come in and see.

New Shades in Messaline Silks

Messaline retains a very favored place in the world of silks for spring and we have added the new shades in the best qualities. At \$1.00 we offer, what we have reasons to believe to be, the best grade possible to be obtained at the price. Other qualities at \$1.25 and \$1.50 the yard.

Shades in 40 in. Crepe de Chene

The very best of this popular fabric. We will have the new pretty shades; the Russian green, the new blue and all the best of the popular shades. This cloth cannot be equalled for making pretty dresses or for any occasion requiring a soft dressy fabric. \$1.65 the yard.

Wash Silks

\$1.00 yard

The most serviceable fabric a woman can make up into a waist or dress. 32 inches wide. A beautiful lot of new styles. They are what you will want.

Beautiful New Spring Wash Fabrics

There is a decided change in the wash fabrics this year. The fabrics are mostly printed and printed wash fabrics are always prettier than woven fabrics.

Why not select your fabrics now when the selection of new materials is large and when you can have the best there is at no additional cost. Sewing week gives you this privilege. See the beautiful fabrics at 12c, 15c, 17c, 20c, and 25c the yard.

Ginghams

10c, 12c, 15c Ginghams

Isn't it always a delight to find a well assorted lot of dress gingham? Pretty patterns and good colorings. We have them and at 10c, 12c and 15c. 32 inch qualities at 12 1/2c. See them.

New Percales

A big table of new percales of the prettiest patterns. These are both light and dark colorings and the cloths are the very best percales manufactured, 15c a yd.

Kindergarden cloth

Mothers will find no cloth as satisfactory as the cloths we are now showing for children's wash suits, rompers and kindred uses. Absolutely fast colorings. 25c the yard.

Special Prices on Needed Notions

During Sewing Week

5c Machine needles	4c	10c Bias tape	8c	10c Hooks and eyes	8c
10c Brass pins	4c	10c Rick Rick braid	8c	10c Pearl buttons	8c
5c Coats thread	4c	5c Iron polishers	4c	10c Dress snaps	8c
5c Safty pins	4c	10c Dressmakers wire	8c	10c Tape measures	8c
5c Hooks and eyes	4c	10c Finishing braid	8c	10c Seam binding	8c
5c Pearl buttons	4c	5c Brass pins	4c	12 1/2c Bias tape	10c
5c Basting thread	4c	10c Brass pins	8c	12 1/2c Rick rack braid	10c
5c Needles	4c	5c Silk thread	4c	5c Mending tissue	4c
25c Dress shields	22c	10c Safty pins	8c	5c Linen tape	4c

REMEMBER: Our store will close at 9 o'clock p. m. on Saturday and pay day nights. Please help us to give our employes a shorter day by purchasing before 9 o'clock.

New Dress Goods

Our dress goods stock is primarily for the home dressmaker. The prices are popular, the cloths staple and we believe the colorings and cloths all that you ask. See.

The Serges at 50c the yard
The Shepherd Checks at 50c yard.
The Serges at 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.
The Poplins at \$1.00 to \$1.50 yard.
The Crepes from 75c to \$1.50 yard.
The Batiste at 50c the yard.

And the many fine cloths, all very popular prices.

10c Valenciennes & Torchon

Laces

We have a large number of valenciennes laces which we are closing at half price. You'll reduce your sewing expense by selecting of these.

H. F. MICHAEL Co.

5c Val and Torchon Laces

2 1/2c

Here is a lot you should not overlook when you want an inexpensive trimming lace. You'll find yourself well paid for looking them over.

NEW

Children 5c



GRAND

Adults 10c

TONIGHT AND TUESDAY



"Master Key"

No. 7

Every minute of this picture will hold your interest.

Dore and Ruth are really in love.

See the Cliff House and Seal Rocks.

Golden Gate Park.

Remarkable struggle on the Hotel Roof.

The death of Pell and the arrest of Dore.

Also the Exquisite Miracle Picture

"STAR OF THE SEA"



"STAR OF THE SEA" 2-Reel Rex Feature. C. C.

Pauline Bush and Lon Chaney in a story of studio life in Italy. Pursued by a jealous model the young artist finishes his statue of the Virgin and marries his fisherman model. Enraged, the model attempts to destroy the work of art with the aid of a 'longshoreman, who is also jealous of the artist. Modern miracle prevents destruction of the statue.

A Series of Delightful, Artistic, Camera Gems.

WED. GREATEST ANIMAL PICTURE SHOWN IN BRAINERD THURS.

"IN JUNGLE WILDS"

"FIVE HUNDRED" PLAYERS

Closing Schedule of the Tournament
Held at Chamber of Commerce Rooms

The "five hundred" tournament, which was started a few weeks ago, has progressed so rapidly that already several of the entrants have completed their schedule of games and are anxiously awaiting the finish of the entire schedule when suitable prizes will be awarded the winners. The rules governing the tournament call for the playing of fifty games within a period of thirty days ending February 20th. Though a majority of those entering have opened their schedule, quite a number paying the entrance fee have found it difficult to attend the sessions resulting in a large percentage not qualifying.

The schedule as played to date is as follows:

A. E. Hoffman, 25 games, total	7470
W. F. Holst, 28 games, total	11,790
L. S. Budd, 41 games, total	16,450
E. H. Huseman, 43 games, total	13,290
Ed. D. Gruenhagen, 50 games, total	13,230
A. A. Arnold, 3 games, total	120
Mons Mahlum, 15 games, total	5,150
H. A. Lidenberg, 30 games, total	12,810
B. S. Armstrong, 28 games, total	10,970
Claus Theorin, 31 games, total	9,240
Jos. Midgley, 9 games, total	1,000
J. D. Gile, 34 games, total	10,260
A. K. Lukens, 6 games, total	2,230
Levi Johnson, 18 games, total	7,720
J. P. Anderson, 13 games, total	4,520
W. F. McCloskey, 9 games, total	3,380

Members yet to qualify: Howard Kitchin, H. Kaatz, Dr. K. Hoorn, Wm. Marx, A. T. Fisher, Aug. Hallquist, Frank Hall, E. W. Thomas, Fred Reed.

U. O. F. Dance

Dance given by United Order of Foresters, Monday evening, Feb. 8 at Elks hall. Music by Valle Bertram. Tickets 25c. 20812

YEOMEN INSTALLATION

Homestead No. 602, B. A. Y., Had
Open Installation in the
Elks Hall

On Wednesday evening, Feb. 3, Brainerd Homestead No. 602, Brotherhood of American Yeomen, held open installation in Elks hall. State Manager Murphy was installing officer. District Manager Thiel acted as Chief Yeoman. The following named officers were installed:

Foreman—W. P. Robertson.
Master of Ceremonies—Thomas Evans.
Correspondent—T. E. Nitterauer.
Master of Accounts—Christian Burhn.
Chaplain—Ella Carbine.
Overseer—Al Cuskey.
Lady Rowena—Allie Gaffney.
Lady Rebekah—Kate Hauss.
Watchman—Mr. Viets.
Sentinel—Mr. Herman.
Guard—Clara Johnson.

State Manager Murphy gave a good talk on Yeomanry. District Manager Thiel also told of the many good things being done by the many homesteads through his territory. Refreshments were served and dancing was enjoyed by the many present, making this one of the most pleasant Yeomen events of the season. State Manager Murphy returned to his home in St. Paul the following day. District Manager Thiel going back to his Yeomen field work. Both expressed their opinions of the good work being done all over the state by the Yeomen. Especially were they pleased with the good people of Brainerd Homestead No. 602, and said they hoped soon to meet with them again.

If you want the family to be healthy, strong and active, give them Holister's Rocky Mountain Tea this month, makes rich red blood, strength and appetite. 25c. Tea or tablets. —H. P. Dunn.

WOODROW HOMESTEAD

New Lodge of Brotherhood of American Yeomen is Organized by
Deputy Allie Gaffney

Saturday evening, Jan. 30, a homestead of the Brotherhood of American Yeomen lodge was organized at Woodrow by Deputy Allie Gaffney, assisted by Archer W. P. Robertson of Brainerd Homestead No. 602. The name of the new homestead is Woodrow No. 4991.

The following named officers were elected and installed:

Foreman—Chas. Cannon.
Master of Ceremonies—Gehard Peterson.
Master of Accounts—John Dullum.
Correspondent—Sadie Cannon.

It has been prophesied that in the near future Woodrow No. 4991 will be one of the best homesteads in the county.

In Our Boarding House.

"My pillow is awfully hard," remarked the star boarder.
"They're stuffed with feathers from a tailor's goose," explained the confirmed idiot, as he helped himself to another prune.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Notice M. B. A.

All members of White Sand Lodge, No. 360, of the Modern Brotherhood of America, are requested to be present Tuesday evening, Feb. 9, as business of importance is to come before the order. Program, lunch and dance. Each member can bring a friend. 210-12 Adv. PRESS COM.

After Many Years

J. L. Southern, Eau Claire, Wis., writes: "Years ago I wrote you in regard to great results I obtained from Foley Kidney Pills. After all these years I have never had a return of those terrible backaches or sleepless nights; I am permanently cured." Men and women, young and old, find this reliable remedy relieves rheumatism, backache, stiff joints and ailments caused by weak or diseased kidneys or bladder. H. P. Dunn, druggist. mwf



IT'S PRETTY TOUGH TO WATCH

Your house burning with not a dollar of insurance on it. And it may happen to you tonight, tomorrow or any time. Today is the time for you to have us issue you a policy. Tomorrow may be just one day too late. Fire, like death and taxes is no respecter of persons.

J. R. SMITH, Agent

Telephone 174 Sleeper

Hundreds of health articles appear in newspapers and magazines, and in practically every one of them the importance of keeping the bowels regular is emphasized. A constipated condition invites disease. A dependable physic that acts without inconvenience or griping is found in Foley Cathartic Tablets. H. P. Dunn, mwf

WANTS

Notices under this head will be charged for at the rate of one cent a word for the first insertion and one half a cent a word for each subsequent insertion, strictly cash in advance, but no ad will be taken for less than fifteen words.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl at Windsor hotel. 209tf

WANTED—Good girl or woman for general housekeeper. J. Herman, 429 Pine St. N. E. 3tpd.

FOR RENT.

TO RENT—Modern furnished rooms. 223 North Fifth street. 202tf

FURNISHED ROOMS for rent, board if desired. 307 South 7th street. 206tf

FOR RENT—Steam heated room for two and hall bed room for one. Mahlum Bk. 210-13pd.

FOR RENT—Desirable furnished

room in modern house. 517 N. 5th St. 206tf

FOR RENT—Six room house, 902 Quince street. Apply 802 South 10th. 208tp

FURNISHED ROOMS for rent for light housekeeping. Inquire at 203 N. 4th St. 188-imp

FOR RENT—Four and five room modern flats in the Model block. Shipp-Gruenhagen Co. 195tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy, cutter and harness. May be seen at my residence. Dr. Beise. 207tg

FOR SALE CHEAP—Good second hand cutter. M. Arnold, grocer, Fourth Ave. Northeast. 206tf

FOR SALE—20 tons good meadow hay for \$40. Pure bred Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels, \$2 each. R. R. Livingston. 206tf-w1

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Position to do general housework. Telephone Annie Anderson, 131-J. 209tp

FOUND—New kid glove at First National bank has been left at Dispatch office. Owner identify and pay advertising charges. 200tf

DISPATCH ADS PAY—TRY ONE

ALBANIAN MISSION PLANS THWARTED

Interview with Rev. C. T. Erickson,
Head of the Mission, Who
Visited in Brainerd

WAR KILLED MISSION WORK

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Last year the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions sent a number of prominent missionaries to Brainerd and they gave addresses on Albanian mission work in the Gardner auditorium and men and women of many churches of Brainerd attended the meeting. It was also proposed to establish a great hospital in Albania, which was also to be given schools and churches, assisted by the work of American people.

When the war broke out the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions was on the point of reopening and greatly enlarging its institutions in Albania. Rev. C. T. Erickson, the head of the mission, was already in Switzerland on his way to his field. His entrance into Albania was impossible for a time and has been impracticable since. A letter from him gives side glimpses of the havoc he is seeing and of the swift interruption of mission plans. Mr. Erickson writes from Rome. He says:

"A few days ago I met a German friend who has been all his life in business in Calcutta. His business is ruined; his brother whom he left in charge while he took a vacation is in a concentration camp at Ahmednagar. Our English nurse, who is to be head of our training school for nurses in Albania, writes us that her family's business is completely ruined, being exclusively concerned with Germany and Austria. Here in Rome is a typical family: Mother, English; father, German; of three daughters, two are married to Germans and one to a Belgian, and all three husbands have been called to their colors. While I was in Geneva there was at the Y. M. C. A. a prayer meeting attended by English, German, Austrian and French. They knelt together, prayed together and wept together, shook hands, commended each other to God's keeping

and went out to fight each other with bullets and bayonets.

"At a quiet retreat up in the Carpathian mountains, close to the boundary lines of Germany, Austria and Russia, I attended a student conference during the second week of August. One young man, son of a Jewish mother and infidel father, went out from the morning meeting into the woods and did not return until evening, when he came home with radiant face. That evening, at the close of the address, I invited to my room any who wished to dedicate themselves to foreign mission work. Nine of the choicest young people responded. It was a never-to-be-forgotten hour that we spent together.

"I saw visions of a new era for the student life and the Protestant Christian life of Austria-Hungary and of our Albanian mission. For the Protestant leaders in Vienna a few days before had formally adopted Albania as their mission field, to be worked jointly with our American board and under its direction and control; and here were the recruits already offering themselves for the field. Teachers, preachers and evangelists, nurses kindergarten—a complete working outfit for a strong, aggressive mission presented itself that night.

"Two weeks later almost every one of the young men in the group and of the conference at large, twenty-seven altogether, were called to sacrifice themselves to this 'God of war' instead."

IN SOBER MOOD

Man in Moon Will not be Full this
Month, First Time Since Year of
1846 That it Happened

For the first time in sixty-nine years, say the astronomers and almanac makers, February will be without a full moon. February is the only month in which such a phenomenon can happen, and the last time such a happening occurred was in February, 1846.

The explanation, according to astronomers, is as follows: Full moons follow each other at about 29 and 1/2 days. It happens occasionally that February's 28 days come between two full moons. To make up for this lack on the part of February this year there were two full moons in January and there will be two in March. The moon, accordingly, may be in sober mood in February, but will make up for it in March.

DISPATCH ADS PAY

Silk Dress Patterns \$4.95

See Them In Our Windows

A window full of them. Pretty foulard patterns. Pretty striped messalines. Ten yards in each pattern. Every yard new. These are \$6.50 and \$7.50 patterns. During sewing week, your choice, 10 yards..... **\$4.95**

36 in. Black Messaline 75c

Special During Sewing Week

Not a 75c quality but one worth \$1.00. Is a beautiful quality for making petticoats as well as waists and dresses. This is but one of the very good silk bargains we offer. 36 inch black messaline..... **75c**

Sewing Week--A splendid event

Our new fabrics are now in and ready for you right now when you want to use them. We shall make a display of them this week. Visit our store and see them. You will be greatly helped in your planning—and you will know what is new and good in silks, dress goods and wash fabrics. Come in and see.

New Shades in Messaline Silks

Messaline retains a very favored place in the world of silks for spring and we have added the new shades in the best qualities. At \$1.00 we offer, what we have reasons to believe to be, the best grade possible to be obtained at the price. Other qualities at \$1.25 and \$1.50 the yard.

Shades in 40 in. Crepe de Chene

The very best of this popular fabric. We will have the new pretty shades; the Russian green, the new blue and all the best of the popular shades. This cloth cannot be equalled for making pretty dresses or for any occasion requiring a soft dressy fabric. \$1.65 the yard.

Wash Silks

\$1.00 yard

The most serviceable fabric a woman can make up into a waist or dress. 32 inches wide. A beautiful lot of new styles. They are what you will want.

Beautiful New Spring Wash Fabrics

There is a decided change in the wash fabrics this year. The fabrics are mostly printed and printed wash fabrics are always prettier than woven fabrics.

Why not select your fabrics now when the selection of new materials is large and when you can have the best there is at no additional cost. Sewing week gives you this privilege. See the beautiful fabrics at 12 1/2c, 15c, 17 1/2c, 20, and 25c the yard.

Ginghams

10c, 12 1/2c, 15c Ginghams

Isn't it always a delight to find a well assorted lot of dress gingham? Pretty patterns and good colorings. We have them and at 10c, 12 1/2c and 15c. 32 inch qualities at 12 1/2c. See them.

New Percales

A big table of new percales of the prettiest patterns. These are both light and dark colorings and the cloths are the very best percales manufactured, 15c a yd.

Kindergarden cloth

Mothers will find no cloth as satisfactory as the cloths we are now showing for children's wash suits, rompers and kindred uses. Absolutely fast colorings. 25c the yard.

Special Prices on Needed Notions

During Sewing Week

5c Machine needles.....4c	10c Bias tape.....8c	10c Hooks and eyes.....8c
10c Brass pins.....4c	10c Rick Rick braid.....8c	10c Pearl buttons.....8c
5c Coats thread.....4c	5c Iron polishers.....8c	10c Dress snaps.....8c
5c Safety pins.....4c	10c Dressmakers wire.....8c	10c Tape measures.....8c
5c Hooks and eyes.....4c	10c Finishing braid.....8c	10c Seam binding.....8c
5c Pearl buttons.....4c	5c Brass pins.....4c	12 1/2c Bias tape.....10c
5c Basting thread.....4c	10c Brass Pins.....8c	12 1/2c Rick rack braid.....10c
5c Needles.....4c	5c Silk thread.....4c	5c Mending tissue.....4c
25c Dress shields.....22c	10c Safety pins.....8c	5c Linen tape.....4c

REMEMBER:—Our store will close at 9 o'clock p. m. on Saturday and pay day nights. Please help us to give our employees a shorter day by purchasing before 9 o'clock.

New Dress Goods

Our dress goods stock is primarily for the home dressmaker. The prices are popular, the cloths staple and we believe the colorings and cloths all that you ask. See.

The Serges at 50c the yard
The Shepherd Checks at 50c yard.
The Serges at 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.
The Poplins at \$1.00 to \$1.50 yard.
The Crepes from 75c to \$1.50 yard.
The Batiste at 50c the yard.

And the many fine cloths, all very popular prices.

10c Valenciennes & Torchon

Laces

We have a large number of valenciennes laces which we are closing at half price. You'll reduce your sewing expense by selecting of these.

H. F. MICHAEL Co.

5c Val and Torchon Laces

2 1/2c

Here is a lot you should not overlook when you want an inexpensive trimming lace. You'll find yourself well paid for looking them over.

NEW

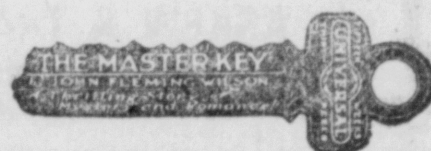
Children 5c



GRAND

Adults 10c

TONIGHT AND TUESDAY



"Master Key"

No. 7

Every minute of this picture will hold your interest.

Dore and Ruth are really in love.

See the Cliff House and Seal Rocks.

Golden Gate Park.

Remarkable struggle on the Hotel Roof.

The death of Pell and the arrest of Dore.

Also the Exquisite Miracle Picture

"STAR OF THE SEA"



"STAR OF THE SEA" 2-Reel Rex Feature. C. C. Pauline Bush and Lon Chaney in a story of studio life in Italy. Pursued by a jealous model the young artist finishes his statue of the Virgin and marries his fisherman model. Enraged, the model attempts to destroy the work of art with the aid of a 'longshoreman, who is also jealous of the artist. Modern miracle prevents destruction of the statue.

A Series of Delightful, Artistic, Camera Gems.

WED. GREATEST ANIMAL PICTURE SHOWN IN BRAINERD THURS.

"IN JUNGLE WILDS"

"FIVE HUNDRED" PLAYERS

Closing Schedule of the Tournament
Held at Chamber of Commerce Rooms

The "five hundred" tournament, which was started a few weeks ago, has progressed so rapidly that already several of the entrants have completed their schedule of games and are anxiously awaiting the finish of the entire schedule when suitable prizes will be awarded the winners. The rules governing the tournament call for the playing of fifty games within a period of thirty days ending February 20th. Though a majority of those entering have opened their schedule, quite a number paying the entrance fee have found it difficult to attend the sessions resulting in a large percentage not qualifying.

The schedule as played to date is as follows:

A. L. Hoffman, 25 games, total 7470	
W. F. Holst, 23 games, total 11,790	
L. S. Budd, 41 games, total 16,480	
E. H. Huseman, 43 games, total 13,290	
Ed. D. Gruenhagen, 50 games total 13,230	
A. A. Arnold, 3 games, total 120	
Mons Mahlum, 15 games, total 5,150	
H. A. Lidenberg, 30 games, total 12,810	
B. S. Armstrong, 28 games, total 10,970	
Claus Theorin, 31 games, total 9,240	
Jos. Midgley, 9 games, total 1,900	
J. D. Gile, 34 games, total 10,250	
A. K. Lukens, 6 games, total 2,230	
Levi Johnson, 18 games, total 7,720	
J. P. Anderson, 13 games, total 4,520	
W. F. McCloskey, 9 games, total 3,280	

Members yet to qualify: Howard Kitchen, H. Kastz, Dr. K. Hoorn, Wm. Marx, A. T. Fisher, Aug. Hallquist, Frank Hall, E. W. Thomas, Fred Reed.

U. O. F. Dance

Dance given by United Order of Foresters, Monday evening, Feb. 8 at Elks hall. Music by Valle Bertram. Tickets 25c. 29813

YEOMEN INSTALLATION

Homestead No. 602, B. A. Y., Had
Open Installation in the
Elks Hall

On Wednesday evening, Feb. 3, Brainerd Homestead No. 602, Brotherhood of American Yeomen, held open installation in Elks hall. State Manager Murphy was installing officer. District Manager Thiel acted as Chief Yeoman. The following named officers were installed:

Foreman—W. P. Robertson.
Master of Ceremonies—Thomas Evans.
Correspondent—T. E. Nitterauer.
Master of Accounts—Christian Burkh.
Chaplain—Ella Carbine.
Overseer—Al Cuskey.
Lady Rowena—Allie Gaffney.
Lady Rebekah—Kate Hauss.
Watchman—Mr. Vleats.
Sentinel—Mr. Herman.
Guard—Clara Johnson.
State Manager Murphy gave a good talk on Yeomanry. District Manager Thiel also told of the many good things being done by the many homesteads through his territory. Refreshments were served and dancing was enjoyed by the many present, making this one of the most pleasant Yeomen events of the season. State Manager Murphy returned to his home in St. Paul the following day. District Manager Thiel going back to his Yeomen field work. Both expressed their opinions of the good work being done all over the state by the Yeomen. Especially were they pleased with the good people of Brainerd Homestead No. 602, and said they hoped soon to meet with them again.

If you want the family to be healthy, strong and active, give them Holter's Rocky Mountain Tea this month, makes rich red blood, strength and appetite. 35c. Tea or tablets. —H. P. Dunn.

WOODROW HOMESTEAD

New Lodge of Brotherhood of American Yeomen is Organized by
Deputy Allie Gaffney

Saturday evening, Jan. 30, a homestead of the Brotherhood of American Yeomen lodge was organized at Woodrow by Deputy Allie Gaffney, assisted by Archer W. P. Robertson of Brainerd Homestead No. 602. The name of the new homestead is Woodrow No. 4991.

The following named officers were elected and installed:

Foreman—Chas. Cannon.
Master of Ceremonies—Gehard Peterson.
Master of Accounts—John Dullum.
Correspondent—Sadie Cannon.
It has been prophesied that in the near future Woodrow No. 4991 will be one of the best homesteads in the county.

In Our Boarding House.

"My pillow is awfully hard," remarked the star boarder.
"They're stuffed with feathers from a tailor's goose," explained the confirmed idiot, as he helped himself to another prune.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Notice M. B. A.

All members of White Sand Lodge, No. 349, of the Modern Brotherhood of America, are requested to be present Tuesday evening, Feb. 9, as business of importance is to come before the order, Program, lunch and dance. Each member can bring a friend.
210-12 Adv. PRESS COM.

After Many Years

J. L. Southers, Eau Claire, Wis., writes: "Years ago I wrote you in regard to great results I obtained from Foley Kidney Pills. After all these years I have never had a return of those terrible backaches or sleepless nights; I am permanently cured." Men and women, young and old, find this reliable remedy relieves rheumatism, backache, stiff joints and ill-effects caused by weak or diseased kidneys or bladder. H. P. Dunn, druggist. mwf



IT'S PRETTY TOUGH TO WATCH

Your house burning with not a dollar of insurance on it. And it may happen to you tonight, tomorrow or any time. Today is the time for you to have us issue you a policy. Tomorrow may be just one day too late. Fire, like death and taxes is no respecter of persons.

J. B. SMITH, Agent

Telephone 174 Sleeper

Hundreds of health articles appear in newspapers and magazines, and in practically every one of them the importance of keeping the bowels regular is emphasized. A constipated condition invites disease. A dependable physic that acts without inconvenience or griping is found in Foley Cathartic Tablets. H. P. Dunn. mwf

WANTS

Notices under this head will be charged for at the rate of one cent a word for the first insertion and one half a cent a word for each subsequent insertion, strictly cash in advance, but no ad will be taken for less than fifteen cents.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl at Windsor hotel. 2091f

WANTED—Good girl or woman for general housekeeper. J. Herman, 429 Pine St. N. E. 31pd.

FOR RENT.

TO RENT—Modern furnished rooms. 223 North Fifth street. 2021f

FURNISHED ROOMS for rent, board if desired, 307 South 7th street. 2061f

FOR RENT—Steam heated room for two and hall bed room for one. Mahlum Bldg. 210-13pd.
FOR RENT—Desirable furnished

room in modern house. 517 N. 5th St. 2061f

FOR RENT—Six room house, 902 Quince street. Apply 802 South 10th. 20813p

FURNISHED ROOMS for rent for light housekeeping. Inquire at 203 N. 4th St. 188-1mp

FOR RENT—Four and five room modern flats in the Model block. Slipp-Gruenhagen Co. 1951f

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy, cutter and harness. May be seen at my residence. Dr. Beise. 20716

FOR SALE CHEAP—Good second hand cutter. M. Arnold, grocer, Fourth Ave. Northeast. 2061f

FOR SALE—20 tons good meadow hay for \$40. Pure bred Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels, \$2 each. R. R. Livingston. 2061f-w1

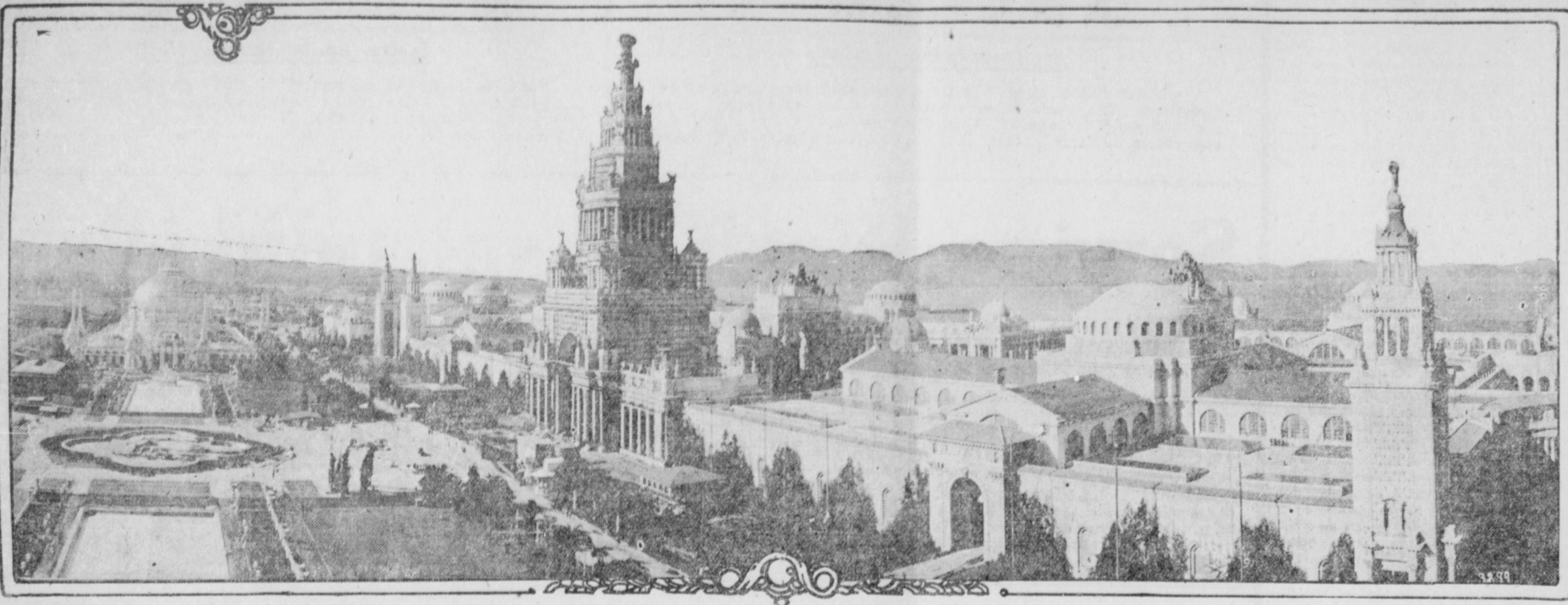
MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Position to do general housework. Telephone Annie Anderson, 131-1. 20913p

FOUND—New kid glove at First National bank has been left at Dispatch office. Owner identify and pay advertising charges. 2001f

DISPATCH ADS PAY—TRY ONE

WHERE EYES OF THE WHOLE EARTH ARE LOOKING; WORLD'S GREATEST EXPOSITION AT GOLDEN GATE



A PART OF THE MAIN EXHIBIT SECTION OF THE GREAT PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION.

PANORAMA taken from the dome of Festival Hall at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. The view shows the western part of the main group of exhibit palaces looking down the Avenue of Palms. The tall Tower of Jewels, in the center, which is 435 feet high, conceals the famous Golden Gate entrance to the bay of San Francisco. The domed structure at the left is the Palace of Horticulture. The other palaces shown, from left to right, are those of Education, Liberal Arts, Agriculture, Manufactures and Transportation. Beyond these is shown the bay of San Francisco, with Mount Tamalpais and the hills of Marin county in the background. In front of the Palace of Horticulture are the great South Gardens. The photograph was taken early in December, 1914, more than two months before the opening of the Exposition, Feb. 20, 1915.

SECRECY HIDES VOSGES BATTLES

Fighting There Somewhat Like Civil War Encounters.

LIFE IN NANCY NOW NORMAL

Shells Frequently Fall in Streets, and Aviators Constantly Fly Over City, but Business Goes on as Usual—Officers Enter City and Dine at Restaurants—French Gain Weight.

Nancy.—Throughout the war the veil of secrecy has been thickest over the Lorraine frontier. If a correspondent was to be shown anything he was always sent elsewhere. Among the spurs of the Vosges around Nancy there has occurred fighting which has been unsurpassed in stubbornness or picturesque.

Here command of the heights meant that the valley was a death trap. Here the woods and forests screen artillery from aerial reconnaissance, and conditions of the Wilderness battle in the civil war are often reproduced.

In Nancy, that thrifty, tidy old capital of French Lorraine, life seems more normal than in Paris. The city is used to having war on its outskirts, as German aviators need fly only twenty miles, and one of their bombs is no surprise to the population.

Nancy is as brilliantly lighted as in times of peace until 10 in the evening, when all lights are out. Officers, rosy cheeked from facing mountain gales, come in from the front and dine in the restaurants, looking as sturdy as lumberjacks.

From high points in the suburbs comes the sound of gunfire from one direction or another, which means that

or else that the Frenchmen are touching up a German battery.

The first of our three tours to the northward was in the direction of Pont-a-Mousson and Le Pretre forest, which are on the French front of the German wedge in the French lines between the fortresses of Toul and Verdun.

'Tis a dull day in Pont-a-Mousson when no shells fall in the town. The people take cover with the first and go on with their business when the shower is over. In Le Pretre as in the other forests of the Vosges the winter life of the troops is similar to that of a healthy winter camp in the Adirondacks, a great contrast to the muddy and flooded trenches of the lowlands in Belgium and northern France.

The forests are scarred in places as if by lumbering operations. Where the fields were in the way of the firing they have been cleared, but usually only scattered cuttings have been made, so as to leave branches of other trees as a screen, with wood at hand for cooking and building shelters for the horses as well as timbering trenches and making shellproofs for the men.

The French army in the Vosges is having a healthy woodland outing. There rabbits and other game, including wild boars, are to be shot as well as Germans, but promending in the woods in range of the German artillery is not as popular as it might be.

The French soldiers are literally stuffed with food. Many of them live better than they do at home. The bracing mountain air gives them keen appetites. An officer told me that the men in his company averaged five pounds more in weight than they did when they went to war.

FINDS INDIAN NO MONGOL.

Scientist Says He Belongs to Distinct American Race.

Washington.—The Indian bureau gave out an article by Arthur C. Parker, archaeologist and ethnologist of the University of the State of New York, in which the recent assertion of Cato Sells, United States commissioner of Indian affairs, that the North American Indian was not a Mongolian was sustained. Mr. Parker in his article says:

"There were native Indians, American Indians, in America thousands of years before there were such races as the Chinese or Tartars, Manchus or Turanians."

Continuing, he says: "There have been theories that the Indians were the lost Welsh colonists, that they were shipwrecked Japanese and even the ten lost tribes. Science has proved beyond question the foolishness of these theories, and any text book used in school or college that repeats these errors is now relegated to the heap of out of date books."

"No ethnologist known to the writer believes that the Indian is a sort of acclimated Chinaman or a descendant of the Mongols of Asia, but he may believe, and likely does, that the Indian descended from some parent stock that produced the Mongol and, for that matter, the Caucasian and negro."

"The American Indian is the aboriginal American, and in his various divisions constitutes what is known to scientists as the American race, the most widely distributed race in the world. As such it inhabited two continents, which is to say the entire new world of the western hemisphere."

Saved by Tobacco Box.

Paris.—After his battalion had repelled an attack of the Prussian guard Lance Sergeant Troake of the Coldstream guards found a bullet imbedded in his tobacco and realized that the tin tobacco box in his breast pocket had saved his life.

BELGIAN FARMERS INSTRUCT BRITISH

Exiles Show Gratitude by Revealing Secrets of Work.

London.—England is to reap benefits from the agricultural skill of the Belgian farmers who are exiles in Great Britain. As a token of their appreciation of British hospitality the queen of the Belgians has suggested that the agriculturists from her country instruct English farmers in the system of intensive cultivation which has made Belgium famous the world over.

A committee headed by Sir Richard Paget has been appointed, and arrangements are being made to delegate Belgian experts who will direct their fellow countrymen in preparing English land for intensive cultivation. The British and Belgians alike are eager to have all Belgians return to their homes as soon as possible, but meantime there is a desire to make the Belgians as little burden as possible on the British, and the agricultural colony plan has been hit upon as a desirable means of employing Belgians where they will not be in direct competition with Englishmen.

As many as five crops of vegetables are grown in a single year by the Belgians on tracts under glass. Only rough frames with ordinary window glass are required for this work. The Belgian farmers are able to make these themselves, and in many places in England they are already employed preparing the frames.

The Belgian knowledge of soil culture is the secret of the great success the farmers of the little kingdom have achieved. A tiny tract of land is sufficient to support a Belgian family in comfort, and the refugees are willing to impart their knowledge of soil treatment to their British hosts, who are in no sense competitors in the continental markets dominated by the Belgian gardeners.

OLD CHURCH BELL MELTED.

First Gong in Kansas Was Made of Pure Copper and Shipped in 1855.

Leavenworth, Kan.—With the burning of the schoolhouse at Kickapoo, what is claimed to have been the first church bell ever to summon a congregation to worship in Kansas was destroyed. The bell was shipped by boat from St. Louis to Kickapoo in 1855 and was the gift of Dr. Rufus. It was hung in the belfry of the Methodist church, claimed to be the first house of worship of that denomination erected in Kansas. In 1865 the bell was sold to the Kickapoo school board.

The bell was almost of pure copper. Long before the belfry on the schoolhouse was completely consumed watchers saw the old bell melt and drop away, leaving the cast iron clapper hanging to the frame in which the bell was supported.

Old Pension Plan.

They had a roundabout way of bestowing military pensions in the old days. Witness this official communication from the war office in the reign of Queen Anne. Her majesty, it runs, has been pleased to grant Fitton Minshull, a child, a commission as ensign in consequence of the loss of his father, who died in the service. And Fitton was at the same time granted furlough until further order, his army pay being sent regularly to his mother. —London Graphic.

MIGHTY MAUNA LOA.

This Gigantic Volcano Is a Worthy Rival to Vesuvius.

The lofty volcanoes of the Hawaiian Islands, rising above the ocean from 5,000 to nearly 14,000 feet, are only the summits of gigantic mountain masses that rise abruptly from the bottom of the Pacific. Mauna Loa, on the island of Hawaii, stands 13,675 feet above sea level, but its slopes descend beneath the sea, as shown by deep sea soundings, with a grade fully equal to if not greater than that of the visible slopes. The same is generally true of the submarine slopes of other islands, and the depths attained by these continuous slopes, within thirty to fifty miles of the shores, vary from 14,000 to 19,000 feet. Mauna Loa and Mauna Kea, if their true bases are considered to be at the bottom of the Pacific, are therefore mountains of as great an altitude as Mount Everest, or approximately 30,000 feet. In general the Hawaiian island group consists of summits of a gigantic submarine mountain chain which projects only its loftier peaks and domes above the water. On the island of Hawaii the volcanic forces are still in operation.

The one continuously active volcanic vent of the island is Kilauea, far down on the eastern flank of Mauna Loa—"the great mountain." No other volcano in the world approaches Mauna Loa in the vastness of its mass or in the magnitude of its eruptive activity. There are many volcanic peaks higher in the air, but most of them are planted upon elevated platforms, where they appear as mere cones of greater or less size. It is not yet known at what level the base of Mauna Loa is situated, but it is below the sea, probably far below.

Mauna Kea—"the white mountain"—is also a colossus among volcanoes. Its summit, 13,825 feet, is a trifle higher than that of Mauna Loa, but its slopes are steeper, and its base is therefore much smaller. The magnitude of Mauna Loa is due chiefly to the great area of its base, which is nearly elliptical in shape, with a major diameter of seventy-four miles and a minor diameter of fifty-three miles, measured at sea level.

In the aggregate of its eruptions Mauna Loa is also unrivaled. Some of the volcanoes of Iceland have been known to disgorge at a single outbreak masses of lava fully equal to those of Mauna Loa. But such outbursts are infrequent in Iceland, and a century has elapsed since any of such magnitude have occurred, though there have been several minor eruptions. The eruptions of Mauna Loa are all of great volume and occur irregularly, at an average interval of about eight years. In view of the total quantity of material it has disgorged during the last century no other volcano is at all comparable to it.—From a Bulletin of the United States Geological Survey.

STEALS \$1.60; LIFE TERM.

Convicted Fourth Time—Sentenced as Habitual Criminal.

Huntington, W. Va.—For the theft of 150 pennies and a plugged dime Bernie Smith will spend the remainder of his life in the state penitentiary. Smith was sentenced by Judge Graham. It is alleged Smith broke into the offices of the Guyan Big Ugly and Coal River railroad offices at Hamlin and stole \$1.60 from the safe. A dollar and a half of this loot is said to have been in pennies.

Smith was arrested when he spent the plugged dime at the company store. It was the fourth time he has been convicted of larceny, and Judge Graham sentenced him under the habitual criminal act.

COWED THE BAD MEN.

A General Who Didn't Fear Risking a Shot in His Back.

General Franks, a leader of many a dashing charge in India, held a unique position among his soldiers. They loved him for his courage, but were sometimes irritated by his strictness. Yet in spite of this exacting severity he was unexpectedly lenient when a large occasion demanded it.

One day when the regiment was "firing blank" a bullet whistled by him. He did not stop the firing, but when the number of rounds ordered had been completed he rode up to the line and said:

"Boys, there's a bad shot in the Tenth. He nearly shot my trumpet, and what should I have said to the boy's mother? I don't want to know the blackguard's name. The officers will not examine the men's pouches." This was on the eve of a campaign, and before action the senior major came to him and said: "Don't put yourself in front of the regiment tomorrow, sir. You know there are always one or two bad men in a regiment."

"Thank you, major," was the reply. "It's very kind of you. I might have given you a step."

When the Tenth was drawn up for the final advance he put himself at its head and called:

"Boys, I'm told ye mane to shoot me today. Take my advice and don't shoot Tom Franks until the fighting's done, for ye won't find a better man to lade ye!"

The regiment answered with a cheer and carried the Sikh batteries with the bayonet rather than run the risk of shooting the beloved old fire eater at their head.—Washington Star.

Not Particular.
"I never feed tramps at the door."
"That's all right, ma'am; serve it in the dining room. I ain't particular."
—Exchange.

LOCAL DRUGGIST MAKES

MANY FRIENDS

Johnson's Pharmacy reports they are making many friends through the QUICK benefit which Brainerd people receive from the simple mixture of buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., known as Adler-i-ka. This remedy became famous by curing appendicitis and it is the most thorough bowel cleanser known, acting on BOTH the lower and upper bowel. JUST ONE DOSE of Adler-i-ka relieves constipation and gas on the stomach almost IMMEDIATELY.—Adv't.

Railroad Time Table And Business Directory

D. E. WHITNEY
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
710 Front Street
71-1m

Good Advertising Medium

A card in this business directory is read by all Dispatch readers. You're reading it now.

Roofing that must last!
You can't tell by looking at a roll of roofing how long it will last on the roof, but when you get the guarantee of a responsible company, you know that your roofing must give satisfactory service.

The only real test of roofing quality is on the roof.

Buy materials that last

Certain-teed

Roofing
Ask your dealer for products made by us—they bear our name.
Asphalt Roofings (all grades and prices)
Slate Surfaced Shingles
Asphalt Felt
Deadening Felt
Tarred Felt
Building Papers

1-ply guaranteed 5 years
2-ply guaranteed 10 years
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SOUTH BOUND

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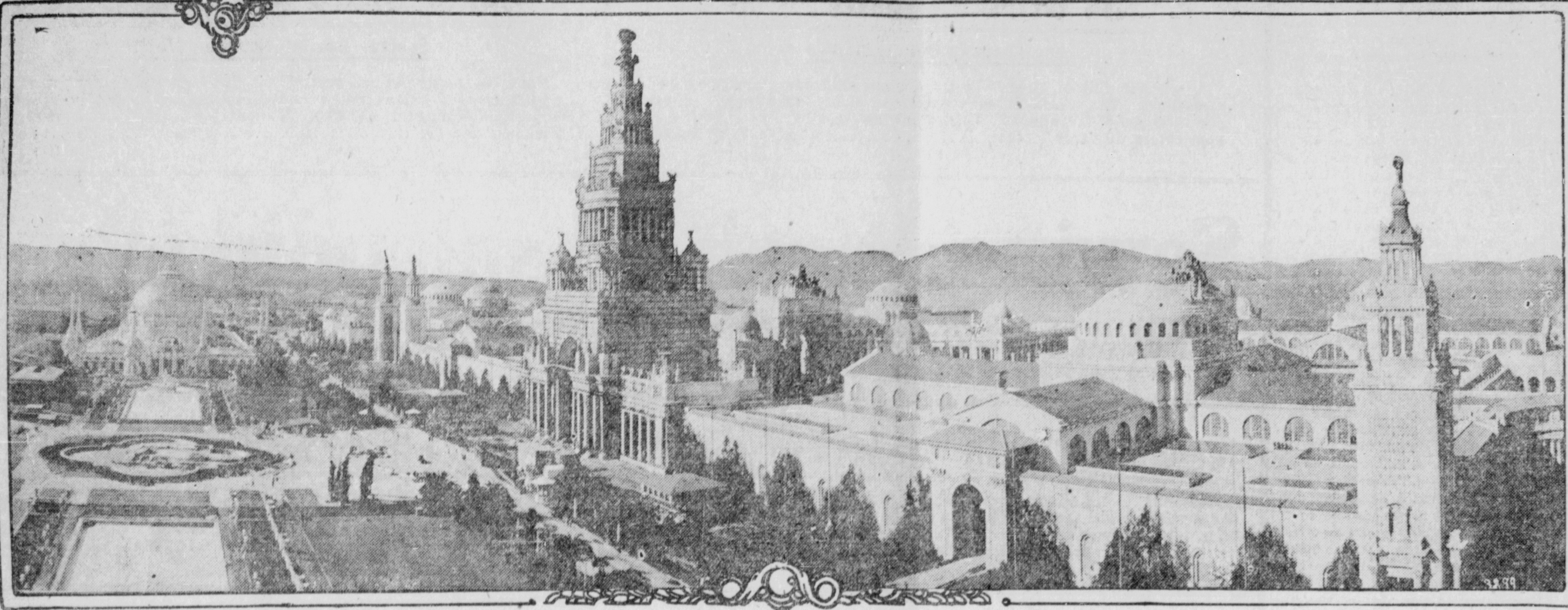


Photos by American Press Association.

BRITISH CAVALRY IN ACTION (TOP) AND BRIDGE ACROSS MARSH ERECTED BY GERMANS (BELOW).

a French battery has seen Germans within range working on a new trench

WHERE EYES OF THE WHOLE EARTH ARE LOOKING; WORLD'S GREATEST EXPOSITION AT GOLDEN GATE



A PART OF THE MAIN EXHIBIT SECTION OF THE GREAT PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION.

PANORAMA taken from the dome of Festival Hall at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. The view shows the western part of the main group of exhibit palaces looking down the Avenue of Palms. The tall Tower of Jewels, in the center, which is 435 feet high, conceals the famous Golden Gate entrance to the bay of San Francisco. The domed structure at the left is the Palace of Horticulture. The other palaces shown, from left to right, are those of Education, Liberal Arts, Agriculture, Manufactures and Transportation. Beyond these is shown the bay of San Francisco, with Mount Tamalpais and the hills of Marin county in the background. In front of the Palace of Horticulture are the great South Gardens. The photograph was taken early in December, 1914, more than two months before the opening of the Exposition, Feb. 20, 1915.

THE CUNNING OF CROWS.

In India These Birds Have Been Labeled "Shreds of Satan." Travelers in the orient have much to say about the Indian crow, a bird that for uncanny knowings and prankish audacity has perhaps no equal. Corvus splendens—thus have ornithologists flatteringly labeled him. But a naturalist who knows the Indian crows at first hand has called them "shreds of Satan, cinders from Tartarus." To give these imish creatures their due, however, it should be said that life in India is not a little enlivened by their presence. A correspondent witnessed the following incident:

A small hawk had seized a little bird and perched on a leafless branch to devour his prey. The spectacle drew two crows to the spot. They hopped and flapped from branch to branch, noisily discussing the strategy of their intended raid.

Then one of them quietly slipped away through the surrounding foliage. At the same time his mate flew in front of the perching hawk and, hovering within a foot of his beak, maintained a bustling menace of snatching the titbit. That effectively compelled the attention of the hawk. His prey firmly grasped beneath his feet, he angrily hissed and lunged at the hovering nuisance. So lively was the skirmish that the human onlooker forgot the existence of the second crow. But now that wily bird reappeared some distance in the rear of his destined victim. With stealthy sidings and short, noiseless flights, he drew near. Then he made a swift dash, seized the hawk's long, barred tail by the tip, hung on it with his full weight and toppled the luckless hawk in a complete back somersault from the branch! The released titbit was instantly seized by the first crow, and the clever pair bore off their booty with much triumphant cawing.—Youth's Companion.

SECRECY HIDES VOSGES BATTLES

Fighting There Somewhat Like Civil War Encounters.

LIFE IN NANCY NOW NORMAL

Shells Frequently Fall in Streets, and Aviators Constantly Fly Over City, but Business Goes on as Usual—Officers Enter City and Dine at Restaurants—French Gain Weight.

Nancy.—Throughout the war the veil of secrecy has been thickest over the Vosges frontier. If a correspondent was to be shown anything he was always sent elsewhere. Among the spurs of the Vosges around Nancy there has occurred fighting which has been unsurpassed in stubbornness or picturesque.

Here command of the heights meant that the valley was a death trap. Here the woods and forests screen artillery from aerial reconnaissance, and conditions of the wilderness battle in the civil war are often reproduced.

In Nancy, that thrifty, tidy old capital of French Lorraine, life seems more normal than in Paris. The city is used to having war on its outskirts, as German aviators need fly only twenty miles, and one of their bombs is no surprise to the population.

Nancy is as brilliantly lighted as in times of peace until 10 in the evening, when all lights are out. Officers, rosy cheeked from facing mountain gales, come in from the front and dine in the restaurants, looking as sturdy as lumberjacks.

From high points in the suburbs comes the sound of gunfire from one direction or another, which means that

or else that the Frenchmen are touching up a German battery.

The first of our three tours to the northward was in the direction of Pont-a-Mousson and Le Pretre forest, which are on the French front of the German wedge in the French lines between the fortresses of Toul and Verdun.

'Tis a dull day in Pont-a-Mousson when no shells fall in the town. The people take cover with the first and go on with their business when the shower is over. In Le Pretre as in the other forests of the Vosges the winter life of the troops is similar to that of a healthy winter camp in the Adirondacks, a great contrast to the muddy and flooded trenches of the lowlands in Belgium and northern France.

The forests are scarred in places as if by lumbering operations. Where the fields were in the way of the firing they have been cleared, but usually only scattered cuttings have been made, so as to leave branches of other trees as a screen, with wood at hand for cooking and building shelters for the horses as well as timbering trenches and making shellproofs for the men.

The French army in the Vosges is having a healthy woodland outing. There rabbits and other game, including wild boars, are to be shot as well as Germans, but promiscuous in the woods in range of the German artillery is not as popular as it might be.

The French soldiers are literally stuffed with food. Many of them live better than they do at home. The bracing mountain air gives them keen appetites. An officer told me that the men in his company averaged five pounds more in weight than they did when they went to war.

FINDS INDIAN NO MONGOL.

Scientist Says He Belongs to Distinct American Race.

Washington.—The Indian bureau gave out an article by Arthur C. Parker, archaeologist and ethnologist of the University of the State of New York, in which the recent assertion of Cato Sells, United States commissioner of Indian affairs, that the North American Indian was not a Mongolian was sustained. Mr. Parker in his article says:

"There were native Indians, American Indians, in America thousands of years before there were such races as the Chinese or Tartars, Manchus or Turanians."

Continuing, he says:

"There have been theories that the Indians were the lost Welsh colonists, that they were shipwrecked Japanese and even the ten lost tribes. Science has proved beyond question the foolishness of these theories, and any text book used in school or college that repeats these errors is now relegated to the heap of out of date books."

"No ethnologist known to the writer believes that the Indian is a sort of acclimated Chinaman or a descendant of the Mongols of Asia, but he may believe, and likely does, that the Indian descended from some parent stock that produced the Mongol and, for that matter, the Caucasian and negro."

"The American Indian is the aboriginal American, and in his various divisions constitutes what is known to scientists as the American race, the most widely distributed race in the world. As such it inhabited two continents, which is to say the entire new world of the western hemisphere."

Saved by Tobacco Box.

Paris.—After his battalion had repelled an attack of the Prussian guard Lance Sergeant Troake of the Coldstream guards found a bullet imbedded in his tobacco and realized that the tin tobacco box in his breast pocket had saved his life.

BELGIAN FARMERS INSTRUCT BRITISH

Exiles Show Gratitude by Revealing Secrets of Work.

London.—England is to reap benefits from the agricultural skill of the Belgian farmers who are exiles in Great Britain. As a token of their appreciation of British hospitality the queen of the Belgians has suggested that the agriculturists from her country instruct English farmers in the system of intensive cultivation which has made Belgium famous the world over.

A committee headed by Sir Richard Paget has been appointed, and arrangements are being made to delegate Belgian experts who will direct their fellow countrymen in preparing English land for intensive cultivation. The British and Belgians alike are eager to have all Belgians return to their homes as soon as possible, but meantime there is a desire to make the Belgians as little burden as possible on the British, and the agricultural colony plan has been hit upon as a desirable means of employing Belgians where they will not be in direct competition with Englishmen.

As many as five crops of vegetables are grown in a single year by the Belgians on tracts under glass. Only rough frames with ordinary window glass are required for this work. The Belgian farmers are able to make these themselves, and in many places in England they are already employed preparing the frames.

The Belgian knowledge of soil culture is the secret of the great success the farmers of the little kingdom have achieved. A tiny tract of land is sufficient to support a Belgian family in comfort, and the refugees are willing to impart their knowledge of soil treatment to their British hosts, who are in no sense competitors in the continental markets dominated by the Belgian gardeners.

OLD CHURCH BELL MELTED.

First Gong in Kansas Was Made of Pure Copper and Shipped in 1855.

Leavenworth, Kan.—With the burning of the schoolhouse at Kickapoo, what is claimed to have been the first church bell ever to summon a congregation to worship in Kansas was destroyed. The bell was shipped by boat from St. Louis to Kickapoo in 1855 and was the gift of Dr. Rufus. It was hung in the belfry of the Methodist church, claimed to be the first house of worship of that denomination erected in Kansas. In 1865 the bell was sold to the Kickapoo school board.

The bell was almost of pure copper. Long before the belfry on the schoolhouse was completely consumed watchers saw the old bell melt and drip away, leaving the cast iron clapper hanging to the frame in which the bell was supported.

Old Pension Plan.

They had a roundabout way of bestowing military pensions in the old days. Witness this official communication from the war office in the reign of Queen Anne. Her majesty, it runs, has been pleased to grant Fitton Minshull, a child, a commission as ensign in consequence of the loss of his father, who died in the service. And Fitton was at the same time granted furloign until further order, his army pay being sent regularly to his mother. —London Graphic.

MIGHTY MAUNA LOA.

This Gigantic Volcano Is a Worthy Rival to Vesuvius.

The lofty volcanoes of the Hawaiian Islands, rising above the ocean from 5,000 to nearly 14,000 feet, are only the summits of gigantic mountain masses that rise abruptly from the bottom of the Pacific. Mauna Loa, on the island of Hawaii, stands 13,675 feet above sea level, but its slopes descend beneath the sea, as shown by deep sea soundings, with a grade fully equal to if not greater than that of the visible slopes. The same is generally true of the submarine slopes of other islands, and the depths attained by these continuous slopes, within thirty to fifty miles of the shores, vary from 14,000 to 19,000 feet. Mauna Loa and Mauna Kea, if their true bases are considered to be at the bottom of the Pacific, are therefore mountains of as great an altitude as Mount Everest, or approximately 30,000 feet. In general the Hawaiian island group consists of summits of a gigantic submarine mountain chain which projects only its loftier peaks and domes above the water. On the island of Hawaii the volcanic forces are still in operation.

The one continuously active volcanic vent of the island is Kilauea, far down on the eastern flank of Mauna Loa—"the great mountain." No other volcano in the vastness of its mass or in the magnitude of its eruptive activity. There are many volcanic peaks higher in the air, but most of them are planted upon elevated platforms, where they appear as mere cones of greater or less size. It is not yet known at what level the base of Mauna Loa is situated, but it is below the sea, probably far below.

Mauna Kea—"the white mountain"—is also a colossal among volcanoes. Its summit, 13,825 feet, is a trifle higher than that of Mauna Loa, but its slopes are steeper, and its base is therefore much smaller. The magnitude of Mauna Loa is due chiefly to the great area of its base, which is nearly elliptical in shape, with a major diameter of seventy-four miles and a minor diameter of fifty-three miles, measured at sea level.

In the aggregate of its eruptions Mauna Loa is also unrivaled. Some of the volcanoes of Iceland have been known to disgorge at a single outbreak masses of lava fully equal to those of Mauna Loa. But such outbreaks are infrequent in Iceland, and a century has elapsed since any of such magnitude have occurred, though there have been several minor eruptions. The eruptions of Mauna Loa are all of great volume and occur irregularly, at an average interval of about eight years. In view of the total quantity of material it has disgorged during the last century no other volcano is at all comparable to it.—From a Bulletin of the United States Geological Survey.

STEALS \$1.60; LIFE TERM.

Convicted Fourth Time—Sentenced as Habitual Criminal.

Huntington, W. Va.—For the theft of 150 pennies and a plugged dime Bernie Smith will spend the remainder of his life in the state penitentiary. Smith was sentenced by Judge Graham. It is alleged Smith broke into the offices of the Guyan Big Ugly and Coal River railroad offices at Hamlin and stole \$1.60 from the safe. A dollar and a half of this loot is said to have been in pennies.

Smith was arrested when he spent the plugged dime at the company store. It was the fourth time he has been convicted of larceny, and Judge Graham sentenced him under the habitual criminal act.

COWED THE BAD MEN.

A General Who Didn't Fear Risking a Shot in His Back.

General Franks, a leader of many a dashing charge in India, held a unique position among his soldiers. They loved him for his courage, but were sometimes irritated by his strictness. Yet in spite of this exacting severity he was unexpectedly lenient when a large occasion demanded it.

One day when the regiment was "firing blank" a bullet whistled by him. He did not stop the firing, but when the number of rounds ordered had been completed he rode up to the line and said:

"Boys, there's a bad shot in the Tenth. He nearly shot my trumpet, and what should I have said to the boy's mother? I don't want to know the blackguard's name. The officers will not examine the men's pouches."

This was on the eve of a campaign, and before action the senior major came to him and said: "Don't put yourself in front of the regiment tomorrow, sir. You know there are always one or two bad men in a regiment."

"Thank you, major," was the reply. "It's very kind of you. I might have given you a step."

When the Tenth was drawn up for the final advance he put himself at its head and called:

"Boys, I'm told ye mane to shoot me today. Take my advice and don't shoot Tom Franks until the fighting's done, for ye won't find a better man to lade ye!"

The regiment answered with a cheer and carried the Sikh batteries with the bayonet rather than run the risk of shooting the beloved old fire eater at their head.—Washington Star.

Not Particular.

"I never feed tramps at the door." "That's all right, ma'am; serve it in the dining room. I ain't particular."—Exchange.

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Johnson's Pharmacy reports they are making many friends through the QUICK benefit which Brainerd people receive from the simple mixture of buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., known as Adler-I-ka. This remedy became famous by curing appendicitis and it is the most thorough bowel cleanser known, acting on BOTH the lower and upper bowel. JUST ONE DOSE of Adler-I-ka relieves constipation and gas on the stomach almost IMMEDIATELY.—Advt.

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